Tutor Professional Development Handbook: B.Ed. in Initial **Teacher Education - PE, Music & Dance** Year 3 Semester 2

HANDBOOK FOR TUTORS





and Prudence





The Government of Ghana







Published by the Ministry of Education; Ghana, under Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License.

Foreword

In Ghana we have made great strides in transforming our teacher education system over the past few years. With each passing year the changes brought about through these reforms are maturing, embedding, and sustaining. Once the first B.Ed. graduates from Colleges of Education enter basic school classrooms from 2022 onwards, I am sure that as a nation, we will truly start to see the benefits of these reforms.

The success of national reforms depends on individual tutors and individual teachers working in classrooms across the country every day. The progress that we want to see will only be brought about through the consistent and regular application of the professional knowledge, professional practice and professional values and attitudes set out in the National Teachers' Standards (NTS).

This is where the Tutor Professional Development Handbooks, written by tutors and university lecturers, have an important role to play in helping tutors to reflect critically on their methods of teaching and learning.

Critical thinking and reflection is an area of weakness in parts of our current education system. Colleges of Education take secondary school graduates and, over four years of the B.Ed., shape them into professional teachers. A recent '21st Century Skills assessment' of a representative sample of Ghanaian Senior High School students found that 'critical thinking and problem solving' was the area where they performed least well. Lesson observation of these students' teachers in the same Senior High Schools found that 'employs a variety of instructional strategies that encourage student participation and critical thinking' was the area of the NTS where these teachers consistently scored lowest.

Teaching matters. If we want our Colleges of Education to develop teachers who can think critically and solve problems then tutors must model these expected behaviours in their lessons so that they create an environment where our teachers develop these competencies and, ultimately, use these competencies to develop critical thinking in our basic schools.

This latest set of Professional Development Handbooks, developed by four mentoring universities (University for Development Studies, University of Education, Winneba, University of Ghana and Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology) and tutors from their affiliated Colleges of Education, are the third set of Professional Development Handbooks to be developed since Transforming Teaching, Education & Learning (T-TEL) became a Ghanaian not-for-profit organisation. I would like to take this opportunity to thank both the Ghana Tertiary Education Commission and Mastercard Foundation for making all this possible.

Robin Todd Executive Director, T-TEL February 2022

PHYSICAL EDUCATION, MUSIC AND DANCE (PEMD)

Age Phases/Grades: Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Introduction and Familiarisation of Assessment and STS Preparatory Activities in Music & Dance course.
- 2. Introduction to measuring PA

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 1 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
1(a) Introduction to	Introduction to the Semester	20 mins
the semester – in	1(a)	
session one		
 Introduction to the purpose of the specialisms: EG, UP and JHS Overview of subject/s age level/s to be covered in the PD sessions and guidance on grouping tutors 	 1.1. Using the tape measure provided, measure a colleague for a shirt and tell why the need for taking and adhering to the measurement of specific body parts. 1.2. Reflect on the previous semester's PD sessions and write on a post-it-note, feedback on how useful they were to the delivery of your lessons and the assessment of your student teachers. 	
according to the	Introduction to the purpose of the specialisms (JHS) and Overview of subject	

			r
	subject/s, age levels/s.	1.3 Discuss the purpose of the PEMD JHS specialism.	
•	Introduction to the course manual/s Overview of course learning outcomes Introduction to the two continuous	E.g. The purpose of the JHS specialism is to enable student teachers in the JHS phase to gain deep technical knowledge and the requisite pedagogical skills to deliver the JHS curriculum using practical based approaches in co- planning, co-teaching, co-assessing and imbibing equity and inclusivity (GESI) issues with mentors and other student teachers.	
	assessment components to be undertaken in each subject	1.4 Sit in your course groups to read and discuss the course goals and descriptions from your course manual to have a general overview and purpose of the course.	
	during the semester (See Course Assessment Components at a Glance Appendix 2) NB in subjects where there are no assessment	E.g. Music & Dance: Assessment and STS preparatory activities This programme is designed to provide student teachers with concepts and pedagogy required to teach in Junior High School. This programme, also, will support the student teacher in appreciating and demonstrating honesty, integrity and love for country and be able to transfer these values to their learners.	
	components in the course manuals examples will need to be provided for SL/HoD.	Refer to the goals in the course manual PE: Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning This course focuses on techniques used to measure student teachers' and learners' physical activity and the strengths and weaknesses of these techniques and covers the fundamentals of physical activity surveillance. Student teachers will explore various sources of public health indicators and physical activity and apply systematic observation techniques to monitor teaching and learning as it occurs.	
	b) Introduction to e session Review prior learning Reading and discussion of the introductory	 NB: Refer to the goals and descriptions from your course manual. Introduction to the Course Overview of CLOs/CLIs 1.5 In your course groups read and discuss the CLOs and CLIs from your course manual. 	
	sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators	E.g. Music & Dance: Assessment and STS preparatory activities CLO 1 Demonstrate in-depth knowledge on definitions, types and policies of assessment in Ghana, teacher professionalism	

Overview of	and the requirement for supported teaching in schools.	
content and	(NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16,	
identification of	CLI	
any distinctive aspects of the	<i>CLI 1.1. Outline three (3) different modes of assessment</i>	
lesson/s,	used in assessing Music & Dance, justify your selection and	
NB The guidance for	administer your AfL strategy selected during STS.	
SL/HoD should	administer your Aje strategy sciected during 515.	
identify and address	CLI 1.2 State at least two (2) examples of standards and	
any areas where	their corresponding indicators each for the three standard	
tutors might require	domains of Professional Values and Attitudes (PVA),	
clarification on any	Professional Knowledge (PK) and Professional Practice	
aspect of the lesson.	(PP).	
NB SL/HoD should ask		
tutors to plan for their	CLI 1.3 Describe STS preparatory activities and build a	
teaching as they go	teaching portfolio that contains at least seven (7) top	
through the PD	items you would like to put into your teaching portfolio.	
session		
	PE: Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning	
	CLO Critically review the techniques for measuring physical	
	Critically review the techniques for measuring physical activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers,	
	pedometers, direct observation, systematic observation,	
	and self-report instruments	
	CLI	
	CLI 2.1 Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least	
	(2) techniques for measuring physical activity.	
	CLI 2.2 Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least	
	(2) techniques for systematic observation tools for	
	assessing teaching and learning in physical activity	
	settings.	
	1. Clower course groups read the assessment	
	1.6 In your course groups, read the assessment	
	component of your course manual and discuss the	
	various mode of assessment with their percentage weighting, how to align the subject project and subject	
	portfolio to the NTEAP, outline its implications and	
	develop implementation strategies.	
	Examples:	
	Music & Dance: Assessment and STS preparatory activities	
	(Subject Project)	
	Student teachers' performance of practical works in the	
	areas of (a) Drum language; (b) Bamboo Flute (Atenteben);	
	(c) Xylophone (Gyile) music and (d) Art and Popular music	
	before adjudicators.	

 (Subject Project Assessment -30%) Introduction: A clear statement of an aim 10% Methodology what the student teacher has done and 	
 Methodology: what the student teacher has done and why he has done so to achieve the lesson objective 20% 	
 Originality: Substantive or main section of the work 40% 	
Conclusion: Finishing 30%	
(Subject Portfolio)	
Lesson plans of Micro-teachings, STS report, Learning Journals, Child Study and Action Research Project,	
rehearsal schedules, performance videos etc.	
(PORTFOLIO Assessment 30%)	
\cdot Selected items of students work (3 of them – 10% each) –	
30 % · Midterm assessment – 20%	
· Reflective journal 40%	
· Organization of subject portfolio – 10% (how it is	
presented/organised)	
Quizzes and assignments, production of TLMs related to	
various topics, reflective journals and any other evidence of student teachers work	
PE: Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning	
(Subject Project 30%) Development /selection and application of at least (3) measuring tools to capture data on active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation	
including sit and reach, press ups, sit ups, balance, and 12-	
minute run/walk test accurately paying attention to GESI issues. E.g. Being mindful of the male – female ratio in	
participation in the activities.	
(Subject Project Assessment - 30%)	
 Introduction: A clear statement of an aim 10% Methodology: what the student teacher has done and 	
why he has done so to achieve the lesson objective 20%	
• Originality: Substantive or main section of the work 40%	
Conclusion: Finishing 30%	
(Subject Portfolio30%)	
Artefacts from the tools development, write-ups on the	
tools, group reports, pictures of process and progress,	
reflective report (at least 200 words), Learning Journals	
etc.	

(PORTFOLIO Assessment 30%)	
\cdot Selected items of students work (3 of them – 10% each) –	
30 %	
· Midterm assessment – 20%	
· Reflective journal 40%	
• Organization of subject portfolio – 10% (how it is	
presented/organised)	
Quizzes and assignments, production of TLMs related to	
various topics, reflective journals and any other evidence	
of student teachers work	
(End of semester exams 40%) Online or written Examination at the end of the semester	
1(b) Introduction to lesson 1	
1.7 Share with the larger group your knowledge and	
experiences in the PEMD courses you taught in the	
previous semesters and draw on the linkages they	
have with this semester's course and the Basic School	
Creative Arts and P.E. curricula.	
NB: Remember to draw these linkages with your students	
during the delivery of lessons in this semester.	
Examples:	
Year 3 semester 1	
Sport DE and Music & Dance in Clabel Cultures	
Sport, PE and Music & Dance in Global Cultures	
Appreciating and Appraising of Traditional genres and musical games across the three belts of Ghana, indicating	
how they can be used in teaching specific concepts in the	
Basic School Curriculum.	
Performance Practice in African Instruments and Art Music	
Educating learners on the customs, principles and essential	
skills needed to perform Ghanaian traditional dances and	
Art music.	
Entrepreneurial and Life Skills Through Sports	
Evoking entreprenueral start-up ideas of student teachers	
in sports.	
Practice and Coaching	
Development of time management skills by student	
teachers.	
1.8 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to	
employ the various strategies in and skills in PEMD	
during the basic school classroom work in STS Field	
Experience in year 4 semester 1.	
Experience in year + semester 1.	

Year 2 Semester 2
Analysis of Policy Documents and Syllabus
Year 2 Semester 2
Physical Activity for Helpful Living
1.9 Read and discuss in your course group, the description and the purpose of lesson 1, including LOs and LIs so as to have a general overview and share with the larger group for feedback.
Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP)
Lesson Description: The lesson focuses on drawing attention to definitions, types, and policies of assessment in Ghana and how they will be used on learners as well as how they would be measured against student teachers (NTS, NTEAP).
LO: Demonstrate understanding and comprehensive content knowledge issues concerning assessment in the teaching and learning process. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5. LI:
Mention three policies that the GoG has put in place for assessment in education at the pre-tertiary and tertiary levels.
P.E.: Ways of measuring PA (II)
Lesson Description: The lesson focuses on ways of measuring PA, its importance and the appropriate equipment used in the measurement of PA.
LO: Reflect on the techniques used to measure student teachers' and learners' physical activity and analyse the strengths and weaknesses of these techniques.
LI: Identify at least (2) surveillance techniques and (2) systematic observation tools and describe each correctly
1.10 Identify and discuss in your course group, the distinctive aspects of lesson 1 and share with the larger group for feedback across course group.

	Mucic & Dancos Definitions Types Deligios of Assocrat	
	 Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) Discussions of subject project and portfolio and Students' group discussion and summarisation of Key components of the semester's course (i.e course overview, mode of delivery, assessment, attendance, class participation etc.) P.E.: Ways of measuring PA (II) Whole class discussions of subject project and portfolio and how physical activities can be measured 1.11 Identify possible challenging areas in teaching of the concepts in your course and share with the larger 	
	group for clarification. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) The ability of student teachers to differentiate between the various types of assessment and their examples.	
	P.E.: Ways of measuring PA (II) The ability of student teachers to identify the various techniques and instruments for measuring physical activities.	
2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in	2.1 Read the presentation of lesson 1 and outline the key concepts on a <i>post-it-note</i> and post it on the wall for a gallery walk (as applicable).	15 mins
 Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students, 	 2.2 In your course group, discuss the Key concepts read as per your observation from the gallery walk. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) Identification and definition of the types of assessment and assessment techniques and their related policy documents. 	
concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be	P.E.: Ways of measuring PA (II) Discussion of techniques needed for measuring physical activities by student teachers.	
explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out	2.3 Identify the potential barriers to the delivery of lesson 1 for student teachers, including GESI issues and provide feedback in your course group.	
what they need to do to introduce and	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP)	

explain the issues/s with tutors	 Students' prior knowledge of assessment tools and assessment procedures. Lack of student teachers' access to assessment policy documents (such as NTS, NTEAP) for class discussion. Lack of consistent access to internet connectivity. P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II) Lack of measuring instruments for the measurement of specific physical activities Eg. Stop watch, pedometer, speedometer, etc 2.4. Indicate and discuss concepts or pedagogies you would adopt in your lesson (not forgetting GESI related issues), which need to be explored and share with your course group. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) Using "group work" strategy to get student teachers involved in the learning process as they work together in groups to solve tasks of the lesson. The use of appropriate ICT tools such as Mobile phone, 	
	PowerPoint presentations.	
	 Group Discussion, Assigning leadership role to both male and female students and persons with SEN. 	
	P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II) Using enquiry - based approach through asking student teachers about ways of measuring physical activities.	
3. Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the	3.1. Read the teaching and learning activities from your course manual and discuss areas that need clarification.	
 lesson/s Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities 	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) Group discussion on the key components of the lesson and presentation of assigned aspect(s) by group.	
 Noting and addressing areas where tutors may require clarification 	P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II) Group discussion on the instruments needed to measure Physical Activities (PA), ways to use them and the relevance of PA measurement.	
 Noting opportunities for making links to the 	3.2 Outline and discuss how the core and transferrable skills would be developed in the student teacher during the delivery of lesson 1.	

	Basic School	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment	
	Curriculum	in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP)	
•	Noting	Acquisition of social and communication skills by	
	opportunities for	engaging students in group activities and presentations.	
	integrating: GESI	• ICT skills by surfing the internet with mobile phone.	
	responsiveness	Assessment skills through group interactions and the	
	and ICT and 21 st C	exploration of the types of assessment strategies.	
	skills		
•	Reading,	P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II)	
	discussion, and	Acquisition of reflective skills, critical thinking and	
	identification of	problem-solving skills through the engagement of student	
	continuous	teachers using questions and answers as an approach for	
	assessment	facilitation.	
	opportunities in		
	the lesson. Each	3.3 Identify and discuss the continuous assessment	
	lesson should	opportunities in lesson 1 and deliberate on how to	
	include at least	align them with the NTEAP.	
	two opportunities		
	to use continuous	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment	
	assessment to	in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP)	
	support student	Assessment opportunities such as the following can be	
	teacher learning	employed:	
•	Resources:	• Quizes,	
	 links to the 	 group presentations 	
	existing PD	 Individual/group assignments 	
	Themes, for	Class contributions etc	
	example,		
	action	Sample Question	
	research,	What are the explanations associated to the following:	
	questioning	Assessment "as"	
	and to other	Assessment "for"	
	external	Assessment "of"	
	reference		
	material:	P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II)	
	literature, on	Group presentations	
	web, Utube,	 Individual participation 	
	physical	 Individual/group assignments 	
	resources,	Class contributions etc	
	power point;		
	how they	Sample Question	
	should be	Explain how the physical engagement of a football player	
	used.	on the pitch can be measured?	
	Consideration		
	needs to be	3.4 Think of GESI responsive teaching and learning	
	given to local	resources and pair with a colleague and share by	
	availability	explaining how they can be used in the delivery of	
	o guidance on	lesson 1 to ensure learning by all students.	
	any power		
	point		

•	presentations, TLM or other resources which need to be developed to support learning Tutors should be expected to have a plan for the next lesson for student teachers	 Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTS, NTEAP) Sample hard copies of policy documents (pdf), NTS and NTECF and audio/video files for SEN student teachers to address GESI. NTECF Document https://uew.edu.gh/sites/default/files/AnnouncementFiles /National Teacher Education Curriculum Framework .pdf Accessed 20/09/2021 Video of NTECF Presentation https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=NTECF+ Accessed 20/09/2021 P.E. Ways of measuring PA (II) Playing field Goals balls and various equipment as needed for limited contact sports Youtube videos https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eWwHMtlek6g Accessed 20/09/2021 	
4.	Evaluation and review of session: Tutors need to identify critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification	 4.1 Outline any outstanding issues relating to your lesson per your course manual for clarification and feedback. 4.2 Do a recap of this session. 4.3 Read lesson 2 in your course manual for PD session 2. <i>NB: Remember to invite a critical friend to observe your lesson during the delivery of lesson 1 and provide feedback.</i> <i>Subject lead's or PD writers' support may be sought for further assistance.</i> 	15 mins

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF)
- 2. Ways of measuring PA (II)

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 2 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning. A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned. Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson. Up to and including learning outcomes and indicators. Overview of 	 1.1 Share with the larger group what you have learnt at PD session 1. 1.2 Ask tutors to provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 1. 1.4 Sit in your course groupings and read and discuss the lesson description and purpose from your course manual to have the general overview of lesson 2. E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Description 	20 mins

identification of any distinctive aspects of the lesson/s, NB The guidance for SL/HoD should identify and address any areas where tutors might require clarification on any aspect of the lesson.	The lesson focuses on drawing attention to definitions, types, and policies of assessment in Ghana and how they will be used on learners as well as how they would be measured against student teachers (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF). Purpose To draw student teachers' attention to: • Definitions: Assessment, Formative Assessment, Summative Assessment, Assessment of, as, & for Leaning, etc.	
NB SL/HoD should ask tutors to plan for their teaching as they go through the PD	 Types and Examples of Assessment Policies: NTS, NTECF and the NPLAF National Tests NSAT), BECE, SSSCE. 	
session	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II)	
	Description	
	Covers the measurement of physical activity using calorimetry and physiological markers.	
	Purpose To help student teachers to measure PA using calorimetry and physiological markers.	
	1.5 Outline and discuss the LOs and LIs from your course manuals	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) LO:	
	Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on definitions, types, policies of assessment in Ghana and how they will be used on learners as well as how student	
	teachers would be measured against the NTC, NTEAP and NPLAF. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.	
	LI: Mention at least four (4) examples of formative assessment.	
	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) LO:	
	Critically review the techniques for measuring physical activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers, pedometers, directs observation, systematic observation, and self-report instruments.	

	 LI: Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for measuring physical activity. 1.5 Identify and discuss the distinctive aspects of lesson 2 and share with the larger group for clarification and feedback. 	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Discussion on formative and summative assessment i.e., Assessment as Leaning (AaL), Assessment of Leaning (AoL) Assessment for Leaning (AfL) PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Discussing how to use calorimetry and physiological markers to measure physical activities. (Walking, running	
2. Concept Development (New learning	 and jogging) 2.1 Carefully read and discuss the key concepts in lesson 2 from your course manual and share with the larger group for feedback. 	15 mins
 likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new 	E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF)	
 learning potential barriers to learning for student teachers 	Definition and discussion of assessment terminologies and techniques as well as policy documents (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF).	
 or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the 	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Measuring physical activities using calorimetry and physiological markers.	
lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for	 2.2 Discuss with your elbow partner, the potential barriers to lesson 2 for the student teachers. E.g. Music & Danse: Definitions, Tunes, Policies of Assessment. 	
SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tu tors	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Lack of assess to policy documents (i.e., NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF)	
with tu tors	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Lack of PA measuring instruments such as calorimeter.	
	2.3 Outline on a post it card, other pedagogical strategies you will employ in delivering lesson 2 for a gallery walk.	

		2.4 Share in your course group your observation during the gallery walks and discuss appropriate pedagogical strategies you will adopt in delivering your lesson.	
		E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Adopting small group project-based learning approach to engage student teacher.	
		PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Use of collaborative learning approach such as involving student teachers in small group presentations, traditional dance performance and traditional musical games (i.e., ampe, chaskele etc)	
3.	Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s	3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities from your course manual, link them to the Basic School Curriculum and share across course groups for clarification and feedback.	40 mins
•	Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities	E.g. Music: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Small group work on definition of assessment	
•	Noting and addressing areas where tutors may require	terminologies, examples of assessment techniques on flip chart for class presentation and discussing how to use them in the basic school classroom.	
•	clarification Noting opportunities for making links to the Basic School	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Small group discussion on PA measurement using calorimetry and physiological markers, discussing how to apply them in the basic school classroom.	
•	Curriculum Noting opportunities for integrating: GESI responsiveness	 3.2 In your course group discuss and suggest how GESI, ICT and 21st century skills can be integrated in the delivering of lesson 2 and share across course groups for feedback. 	
•	and ICT and 21 st C skills Reading, discussion, and	 E.g. Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF) Use of mobile phones to download information online. 	
	discussion, and identification of continuous assessment	• Group leadership and use of ICT tools like projectors should be GESI responsive.	
	opportunities in the lesson. Each lesson should	 PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Involvement of both sexes and assigning record keeping roles to Persons with Disability in socially gender 	

	include at least	stereotyped traditional musical games such as 'ampe'	
	two opportunities	when using physiological markers for measurement	
	to use continuous	and vice versa.	
	assessment to		
	support student	• Use of laptop and music combo to provide music for	
	teacher learning.	physical activities.	
•	Resources:		
	 links to the 	3.3. Read, identify and discuss the continuous assessment	
	existing PD	opportunities in lesson 2 and share your suggestions	
	Themes, for	across groups for feedback.	
	example, action		
	research,	E.g.	
	questioning and	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment	
	to other	in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF)	
	external	Assessment types—e.g.; objective test, quizzes, essay type,	
	reference	quantitative, assignments, presentations, practical	
	material:	teaching and, performance.	
	literature, on		
	web, Utube,	Sample Question: Describe assessment for learning and	
	physical	mention three strategies you can use in the classroom to	
	resources,	achieve it.	
	power point;		
	how they	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II)	
	should be used.	Quizzes, assignments, class participation, class	
	Consideration	presentations, practical physical activity participation.	
	needs to be		
	given to local	Sample question: Compare the strengths and weaknesses	
	-		
	availability	of any 2 techniques for measuring physical activity.	
	• guidance on any	2.4 In your groups subling appropriate teaching and	
	power point	3.4 In your groups outline appropriate teaching and	
	presentations,	learning resources for lesson 2 on a flip chart, suggest	
	TLM or other	and discuss how they can be used in the lesson	
	resources which	delivery.	
	need to be		
	developed to	E.g.	
	support	Music & Dance: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment	
	learning	in Ghana (NTC, NTEAP & NPLAF)	
•	Tutors should be	Use of mobile phones to surf the internet for	
	expected to have a	information.	
	plan for the next	• Use of Computers (Laptops or PCs) and projectors for	
	lesson for student	presentation.	
	teachers		
		PE: Ways of measuring PA (II)	
		Use of whistles for prompting.	
		 Use of Stop watches for monitoring. 	
		 Use of place mats for student teachers with physical 	
		<i>disabilities</i>	
		Playing field for physical activities including traditional musical agence	
		musical games.	

4. Evaluation and review of session:	4.1 Identify any outstanding issues for clarification or redress.	15 mins
 Tutors should Identify critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification 	4.2 Do a recap of the salient lessons in the session. NB: Select a critical friend to observe your lesson for feedbacks.	

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools
- 2. Measuring PA III

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 3 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and identification of any distinctive 	 Share what you found interesting at PD session 2 with the larger group. 1.1 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.2 With your critical friend, share your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 2 with the larger group. 1.3 Sit in your course group and read the introductory aspect of lesson 2 including the description and purpose of the lesson to have an overview. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools. Lesson description 	20 mins

aspects of the lesson/s, NB The guidance for SL/HoD should identify and address any areas where tutors might require clarification on any aspect of the lesson.	 The lesson focuses on drawing attention to developing assessment instruments and recording of assessment in schools. Purpose To draw student teachers' attention to: Test Terminologies: AoL Types Norm Reference Test, Criterion Reference Test, Grades and Grading, NPLAP and NTEAP Grading Descriptors, Construction of Marking Scheme. 	
NB SL/HoD should ask tutors to plan for their teaching as they go through the PD session	 Types of Tests Essay Type Test: Key words used; Analyse, Assess, Comment, Compare, Contrast, Criticize, Define, Describe, Discuss, Enumerate, Evaluate, Explain, Identify, Illustrate, Interpret, Justify, List, Name, Outline, Relate, Show, State, Summarize, Trace, Verify 	
	 Objective Type Tests Multiple-Type Test, True-False Type Test, Matching Type Test, Fill-in-the Blank Type Test, Open Book Test, Take Home Test. 	
	PE: Measuring PA III. Lesson description Covers the measurement of PA using mechanical and electric motion detectors.	
	Purpose To help student teachers to measure PA using mechanical and electric motion detectors.	
	1.5 Read and discuss the LOs and LIs of lesson 3 and share your findings across course groups for feedback.	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools. LO: Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on definitions and types of tests and how to design such assessment of learning instruments. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.	
	 LIs: Mention at least three (3) examples of objective test and give examples of each. 	

	 Describe criterion reference text and five two examples in Ghana. Set an Essay Type Question and write out its Marking Scheme. PE: Measuring PA III. LO: Critically review the techniques for measuring physical activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers, pedometers, direct observation, systematic observation, and self-report instruments. LIs: Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for measuring physical activity. Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for systematic observation tools for assessing teaching and learning in physical activity settings. 1.6 In your course group, identify and discuss the 	
	distinctive aspects of lesson 3 and share across course groups for clarification and feedback.	
	 E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools. Discussing the meaning of the assessment of learning terminologies interactively i.e Norm Reference Test, Criterion Reference Test, etc. Essay Type Tests Objective Test 	
	• Objective Test PE: Measuring PA III. Discussing how PA is measured using mechanical and electric motion detectors.	
2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s):	 2.1 In your course group, outline and discuss new concepts in lesson 3. E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and 	15 mins
 Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for 	 Recording of Assessment in Schools. Identification of assessment terminologies. Explanations of the types of tests. Test items writing with marking scheme 	
student teachers or students,	PE: Measuring PA III.	

 concepts or pedagogy being 	The use of mechanical and electric motion detectors for the Measurement of physical activities (PA).	
introduced in the lesson, which	2.2 Outline and discuss potential barriers to learning for	
need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for	student teachers in lesson 3 of your course and share across groups for clarification and feedback. Attention should be given to GESI issues.	
SL/HoD should set out	E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and	
what they need to do to introduce and	Recording of Assessment in Schools.	
explain the issues/s	Lack of Playback equipment for students with	
with tutors	hearing impairment.Female students who may be going through	
	menstrual pains may not give their best during the lesson.	
	• Students' inability to frame/set test items correctly.	
	 Lack of musical instruments like keyboard and attenteben to practice assessment of learning. 	
	 Lack of optional musical instruments for Students 	
	with SEN to experiment assessment of learning.	
	Lack or poor internet accessibility.	
	PE: Measuring PA III.	
	 Lack/inadequacy of PA measuring instruments. Students' low/no knowledge in using PA measuring instruments such as accelerometers, pedometers etc. 	
	2.3 Identify concepts or pedagogy(es) you will adopt for the delivery of lesson 3 and share in your course groups for discussion.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools.	
	 Analysis of Documentaries: Use of ICT resources and YouTube in discussions on definitions, policies and AoL strategies. 	
	Class Discussions and Class Presentations.	
	• Development of Computer Assessment Skills: MS Excel, SPSS, Atlas-ti, etc.	
	PE: Measuring PA III.	
	Class Discussion- to introduce new topics and engage	
	student teachers in small group work and presentations.	
	Small Group Presentation/ Discussion: Engage	
	discussions to demonstrate knowledge and	

		understanding of the components of the GMPA. Student teachers think, pair-share their work and then refine them for class presentation.	
3.	Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s	3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities suggested in your course manual and link them to the basic school curriculum and share across course groups for feedback and clarification.	40 mins
•	Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities Noting and addressing areas where tutors may require clarification Noting opportunities for making links to the Basic School Curriculum Noting opportunities for integrating: GESI responsiveness	 E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools. Introduction to the Course Learning Outcomes and Indicators for the 3rd Lesson. Discussions on the meaning of assessment of learning terminologies. Group work on developing one example of Essay Type Test with its Marking Scheme; then one multiple choice question and any other two Objective Tests and put on a FLIP CHART for Class Presentation. Group work on Grading System in the NPLAF as well as the NTEAP and summarise Key Findings on a FLIP CHART for Class Presentation. Reflection and Closure. Students reflect on the day's activities and match their responses to the purpose of the lesson. 	
•	and ICT 21 st C skills Reading, discussion, and identification of continuous assessment opportunities in the lesson. Each lesson should	 PE: Measuring PA III. Student teachers work in groups to reflect on measuring PA using calorimetry and physiological markers. Group discussion on the measurement of PA using mechanic and electric motion detectors. Group presentation of work. Reflection and asking questions regarding the purpose of the lesson. 	
•	include at least two opportunities to use continuous assessment to support student teacher learning Resources: o links to the existing PD Themes, for example, action research, questioning and	 3.2 Share with your course group how you will integrate GESI in the delivery of lesson 3. E.g. Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools. Mixed group discussion on the meaning of the assessment of learning terminologies i.e., Norm Reference Test, Criterion Reference Test, etc. Essay Type Tests and Objective Test. Use of ICT tools such as MS word, MS Excel, SPSS, Atlas-ti, etc for assessment of learning activities (i.e. 	

	1	Ţī
	2. Diagnostic quizzes	
	3. Class participation	
	4. Class presentations	
	(E.g., Class assignment)	
	In your groups, compare the strengths and weaknesses of	
	any two techniques for measuring physical activity.	
	3.5 Identify and discuss teaching and learning resources	
	appropriate for the delivery of lesson 3 and share with	
	the larger group for feedback.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Developing Assessment Instruments and	
	Recording of Assessment in Schools.	
	• Compact Disc (Audio & Video) player with a recording	
	facility (possibly with a detached microphone).	
	• Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and	
	MP4 files.	
	• Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen, Tripod and	
	Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing	
	and reviewing performances)	
	• Assessment for Learning Strategy Resources.	
	• Sample Assessment and Record Forms of the NPLAP	
	and NTECF.	
	PE: Measuring PA III.	
	Calorimetry, accelerometers and pedometers.	
	Playing field.	
	Cones, markers, whistles, stop watches.	
	• Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and	
	MP4 files.	
4. Evaluation and	4.1 Identify any outstanding issues for clarification or	15 mins
review of session:	redress.	
Tutors should		
Identifying critical	4.2 Recap the activities of this session.	
friends to observe		
lessons and report	NB: Select a critical friend to observe your lesson for	
at next session.	feedback.	
 Identifying and 		
addressing any		
outstanding issues		
-		
relating to the		
lesson/s for clarification		
cianneation		

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 3. Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback
- 4. Activities for muscular strength

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 4 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning. A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned. Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson. Up to and including learning outcomes and indicators. Overview of content and identification of 	 1.1 Shares with the larger group some interesting concepts from PD session 3. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share your observations and experiences during the delivery of lesson 3. 1.4 Sit in your course groups to read and discuss the lesson description and purpose to have the general overview of lesson 4 from your course manual. E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback Lesson Description: The lesson focuses on drawing attention to effective questioning and giving whole class feedback by teachers in the classroom. 	20 mins

	1	[
any distinctive aspects of the lesson/s, NB The guidance for SL/HoD should identify and address any areas where tutors might require clarification on any aspect of the lesson. NB SL/HoD should ask tutors to plan for their teaching as they go through the PD session	 Purpose: To draw student teachers' attention to: Types of Questioning Strategies Open-ended questions, Might, 5Ws, High challenge, Hinge questions, Bouncing, Wait time, Thinking time, No hands up, and Speaking tokens. Types of Whole Class Feedback Confidence levels, Traffic lights card or Smiley card, Show me boards, ABCD cards, Corners, Exit passes, Hand in, pass out, Quizzes. PE: Activities for muscular strength Lesson Description: Covers the measurement of PA using occupational and leisure-time survey instruments. Purpose: To help student teachers to measure PA using occupational and leisure-time survey instruments. 1.5 Outline and discuss the LOs and LIs from your course manuals E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback LO: Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on the Bloom's taxonomy and how it relates to different types of questioning strategies and how they will be used on learners in the classroom. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5. LI: Mention at least four (4) levels in the Bloom's Taxonomy following its ascending progression. State two key words to begin a question that will let learners reason. Mention four effective questioning styles and describe them. PE: Activities for muscular strength. LO: 	
	Critically review the techniques for measuring physical	
	activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers,	
	pedometers, directs observation, systematic observation,	
	and self-report instruments.	

	 LI: 1 Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for measuring physical activity. 2 Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for systematic observation tools for assessing teaching and learning in physical activity settings. 1.6 Identify and discuss with your pair the distinctive aspects of lesson 4. Share the identified concepts with the larger group for clarification and feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback Class discussion on Bloom's Taxonomy. Refer to stage 3 of lesson 4 in the Course manual for a diagram on Bloom's Taxonomy. PE: Activities for muscular strength. Discussion on the various instruments and tools used to 	
 2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new learning potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD 	 <i>measure PA.</i> 1.1 Carefully read and discuss the key concepts and new learnings in lesson 4 from your course manual and share with the larger group for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback. <i>Bloom's Taxonomy.</i> <i>Questioning strategies</i> PE: Activities for muscular strength. <i>Instruments and tools used to measure specific PA.</i> 1.2 Discuss with your elbow partner, the potential barriers to learning of lesson 4 for student teachers. E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback. 	15 mins

NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tu tors	 Unfamiliarity of student teachers with the Blooms' Taxonomy. Inability to frame questions to the understanding of learners. Ineffective class control after administering assessment question. PE: Activities for muscular strength Lack of PA measuring instruments such as calorimeter. Inadequate knowledge about how to use PA measuring instrument. 3 Outline on a post it card, other pedagogical strategies you will employ in delivering lesson 4 and post it on the wall for a gallery walk. Share your observation during the gallery walk and discuss appropriate pedagogical strategies you will adopt in delivering your lesson. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback. Analysis of documentaries using ICT resources such as YouTube and using group discussion method to zoom out definitions, policies and AfL strategies. Class Discussions and Class Presentations. Development of Computer Assessment Skills: MS Excel, SPSS, Atlas-ti, etc. PE: Activities for muscular strength Class Discussion to introduce new topics and engage student teachers in small group work and presentations. Small Group Presentation/Discussion: Engage discussions to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the design and implementation of activities to develop muscular strength. Think-pair-Share- student teachers think critically, reflect, -share their work and then refine them for class presentation.) 	
 3. Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s Reading and discussion of the 	 3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities from your course manual, discuss how to link them to the Basic School Curriculum and share across course groups for clarification and feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback. 	40 mins

 teaching and learning activities Noting and addressing areas where tutors may require clarification Noting opportunities for making links to the Basic School Curriculum Noting opportunities for integrating: GESI responsiveness 	 Review of knowledge and introduction of the Course Learning Outcomes and Indicators for the 4th Lesson. Group work on questioning strategies. Groups will summarise on a FLIP CHAT for Class Presentation. Students reflect on the day's activities and match their responses to the purpose of the lesson. PE: Activities for muscular strength Reflection on the previous lesson and the new information gathered on the new lesson. Small group discussion on direct observation, systematic observation and self-report instruments. Reflection and questions regarding the purpose of the lesson. 	
 and ICT and 21st C skills Reading, discussion, and identification of 	3.2 In your course group discuss and suggest how GESI, ICT and 21 St century skills can be integrated in the delivering of lesson 4 and share across course groups for feedback.	
continuous assessment opportunities in the lesson. Each lesson should include at least two opportunities	 E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback Use of mobile phones to download information online. Group leadership and fixing of ICT tools like projectors should be gender balanced. 	
 to use continuous assessment to support student teacher learning. Resources: links to the existing PD Themes, for 	 PE: Activities for muscular strength Both males and females, as well student with SEN (e.g., sight impairment) should have an opportunity to use PA measuring instruments such as calorimetry, accelerometers, pedometers etc. Fixing projectors, laptop and group presentation should be done by both male and females. 	
example, action research, questioning and to other	3.3 Read, identify and discuss the continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 4 and share their suggestions across groups for feedback.	
external reference material: literature, on web, Utube, physical resources, power point; how they	 E.g. Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback Reflection –Student teachers reflect on the new things they have learnt in the course. Small Group Assignment: Students conduct research on the new topic to be studied next week—selfassessment and self-reflection by google search. 	

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
should be used.	Sample Question for Reflection:	
Consideration	Mention at least four (4) levels in the Bloom's Taxonomy	
needs to be	following its ascending progression.	
given to local	DE. Activities for much low strength	
availability	PE: Activities for muscular strength.	
 guidance on any 	-	
power point	2. Diagnostic Quizzes	
presentations,	3. Class participation	
TLM or other	4. Class presentations	
resources which need to be	Cample question for Class presentations	
developed to	Sample question for Class presentations: Compare the strengths and weaknesses of (2) techniques	
support	for measuring physical activity.	
learning	Jor measuring physical activity.	
Tutors should be	3.4 Outlined appropriate teaching and learning resources	
	for lesson 4 on a flip chart, suggest and discuss how	
expected to have a plan for the next	they can be used in the lesson delivery.	
lesson for student	they can be used in the lesson derivery.	
teachers	E.g.	
(cdeners	Music & Dance: Effective Questioning and Whole Class	
	Feedback.	
	Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback	
	Strategy Images and Resources (PowerPoint	
	Presentation)	
	• Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and	
	MP4 files.	
	• Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen, Tripod and	
	Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing	
	and reviewing performances)	
	PE: Activities for muscular strength	
	• Goalball, wheelchairs, whitecain, crutches, blindfolds.	
	• Cones, markers, whistles, stop watches.	
	Hoola hoops	
	Place mats.	
	• Playing field	
	Goals Balls and various equipment as needed for	
	limited contact sports.	
4. Evaluation and	4.1 Identify any outstanding issues for clarification or	15 mins
review of session:	redress.	
 Tutors should 		
Identify critical	4.2 Do a recap of the activities during this session.	
friends to observe		
lessons and report	NB: Select a critical friend to observe your lesson for	
at next session.	feedback.	
 Identifying and 		
addressing any		
outstanding issues		

	relating to the lesson/s for clarification		
--	--	--	--

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection
- 2. Fitness data collection techniques

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 5 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning. A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned. Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson. Up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and 	 1.1 Share with the larger group what you have learnt at PD session 5. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 4. 1.4 Sit in your course groupings and read and discuss the lesson description and purpose from your course manual to have the general overview of lesson 5. E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Description The lesson focuses on drawing attention to self-assessment and self-reflection strategies used by teachers 	20 mins

	<u>.</u>	
any distinctive	Purpose	
aspects of the	To draw student teachers' attention to:	
lesson/s,	Types of Self-assessment and Self-reflection Strategies	
NB The guidance for	• Learning Diary, 3-2-1, Personal Portfolio, Pre- and	
SL/HoD should	post- task reflection, Self-assessment checklist,	
identify and address	Highlighting success, Exam wrappers	
any areas where	ringinighting success, Exuit wruppers	
tutors might require	PE: Fitness data collection techniques	
clarification on any	Covers the practical measurement of physical fitness levels	
aspect of the lesson.	of individuals and how to interpret these measures in	
NB SL/HoD should ask	health outcomes.	
tutors to plan for their		
teaching as they go	Purpose	
through the PD	To help student teachers to practically measure and	
session	interpret physical fitness data.	
	1.5 Outline and discuss the LOs and LIs from your course	
	-	
	manuals	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection	
	LO: Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on	
	self-assessment and self-reflection strategies and how they	
	will be inculcated in learners in the classroom. NTS 2c &	
	2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.	
	LI:	
	 Mention at least two (2) self-assessment and self- 	
	reflection strategies used in the classroom.	
	• Explain the 3-2-1 strategy and how you will use it at the	
	basic school level.	
	• Design an Exam Wrapper for your students at an SHS.	
	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II)	
	LO:	
	Critically review the techniques for measuring physical	
	activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers,	
	pedometers, direct observation, systematic observation,	
	and self-report instruments.	
	LI:	
	Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2)	
	techniques for measuring physical activity	
	1.6 Identify and discuss the distinctive aspects of lesson 5	
	and share with the larger group for clarification and	
	feedback.	
	······································	

	E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Listeners Choice: Simulation of radio presenting skills as Disk Jockey (DJ) PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Group discussion of measurement and interpretation of sit and reach, press-ups and sit-ups.	
 2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new learning potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tu tors 	 2.1 Carefully read and discuss the key concepts in lesson 5 from your course manual and share with the larger group for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection <i>Development of Disk Jockey (DJ) and radio presenting skills.</i> <i>Review of student teachers' "KWL" sheet on what they want to know.</i> PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) <i>Measurement and interpretation of sit and reach, press-ups and sit-ups.</i> <i>Independently search on the web to familiarize with further and current reference on the measurements and interpretation of balance and 12 minutes run</i> 2.2 Discuss with your elbow partner, the potential barriers to lesson 2 for the student teachers. E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection <i>Absence of ICT tools such as Speakers with microphone for the DJ, Lack of Play-back device, Internet accessibility to download requested songs. lack or poor preparations with enough song repertoire by the tutor.</i> PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Lack of PA measuring PA (II) Lack of PA measuring IA (II) Lack of PA measuring instruments such as calorimeter and stop watch. 2.3 Outline and explain on a flip chat, other pedagogical strategies you will employ in the delivery of lesson 5 for presentation and discussion. 	15 mins

			I
		2.4 Present and discuss appropriate pedagogical strategies you will adopt in delivering your lessons as stated on your flip chat.	
		E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection The use of small group project-based learning approach to engage student teacher for listeners' choice and DJ presentation.	
		PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Use of collaborative learning approach such as involving student teachers in small group discussions of measurement and interpretation of sit and reach, press- ups and sit-ups using traditional dance performance and traditional musical games (i.e ampe, chaskele etc)	
3.	Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s	3.1 In your course group, read and discuss the teaching and learning activities from your course manual, link them to the Basic School Curriculum and share across course groups for clarification and feedback.	40 mins
•	Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities	E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Working in small group with Class Disk Jockey (DJ) for the day to simulate his/her radio	
•	Noting and addressing areas where tutors may require	presenting skills by reading the coupons and playing briefly the music colleagues have requested and discussing how to use them in the basic school classroom.	
•	clarification Noting opportunities for	Student teachers' review of their "KWL" sheet on what they want to know.	
	making links to the Basic School Curriculum	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Small group discussion on the measurement and interpretation of sit and reach, press-ups and sit-ups and discussing how to apply them in the basic school	
•	Noting opportunities for integrating: GESI responsiveness	discussing how to apply them in the basic school classroom. 3.2 In your course group, discuss and suggest how GESI,	
•	and ICT and 21 st C skills Reading,	ICT and 21 st century skills can be integrated in the delivering of lesson 5 and share across course groups for feedback.	
	discussion, and identification of continuous assessment	 E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Use of mobile phones to download songs repertoire 	
	opportunities in the lesson. Each	online for listeners' choice activity (ICT).	

 lesson should include at least two opportunities to use continuous assessment to support student teacher learning. Resources: links to the existing PD Themes, for example, action research, questioning and to other external reference material: literature, on web, Utube, physical resources, power point; how they should be used. Consideration needs to be given to local availability 	 Developing communication and collaborative skills through listeners' choice DJ presentation. Giving opportunity and needed support to female and male students to be the class DJ for the day (GESI) Being GESI responsive in selecting and appointing group leaders and use of ICT tools like play-back devices operation. PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Involvement of both sexes and assigning record keeping roles to Persons with Disability in socially gender sterotyped traditional musical games such as 'ampe' when using physiological markers for measurement and vice versa. Use of laptop and music combo to provide music for physical activities. 3.3 Read, identify and discuss the continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 5 and share your suggestions across groups for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Peer assessment – sharing of "3-2-1 Learning strategy" form by students. small group assignment: make a list of 5 online sources of different genres of music with 2 examples each. PE: Ways of measuring PA (II)
o guidance on any power point presentations, TLM or other resources	PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Quizzes, assignments, class participation, class presentations, practical physical activity participation. Sample question: give at least 2 examples each of measurement and interpretation of sit and reach, press- ups and sit-ups.
 which need to be developed to support learning Tutors should be expected to have a 	3.4 In your course groups, outline on flip chat appropriate teaching and learning resources for lesson 5, suggesting and discussing how they can be used in the delivery of the lesson.
plan for the next lesson for student teachers	 E.g. Music & Dance: Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Use of play-back devices Use of mobile phones to surf the internet for repertoire. Use of Computers (Laptops or PCs) and projectors for presentation.

		 PE: Ways of measuring PA (II) Use of whistles for prompting. Use of Stop watches for monitoring & measuring. Use of place mats for student teachers with physical disabilities Playing field for physical activities including traditional musical games. 	
4.	Evaluation and review of session: Tutors should Identify critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification	 4.1 Identify any outstanding issues for clarification or redress. 4.2 Do a recap of the salient lessons in the session. NB: Select a critical friend to observe your lesson for feedbacks. Please read lesson 6 from their course manuals for the next PD session 	15 mins

Age Phases/Grades: Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson
- 2. Fitness data collection Techniques

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 6 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned. Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators. 	 1.1 Share with the the larger group what you have learnt in the 5th PD session. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share with the larger group, your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 5. 1.4 Read and discuss the lesson description and purpose of lesson 6 from your course manual to have a general overview of the lesson. E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson 	20 mins

Overview of	Lesson description	
content and	The lesson focuses on drawing attention to peer-	
identification of	assessment and peer feedback by teachers in the	
any distinctive	classroom	
aspects of the		
lesson/s,	Purpose	
NB The guidance for	To draw student teachers attention to assessment	
SL/HoD should	strategies.	
identify and address		
any areas where	E.g.	
tutors might require	Two stars and a wish, Medal and a mission, Peer-	
clarification on any	assessment prompts, Talk partners/ Response partners,	
, aspect of the lesson.	WAGOLL (What a good one looks like), Observation	
NB SL/HoD should ask	checklists, Peer-feedback observation	
tutors to plan for their		
teaching as they go	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques	
through the PD	Lesson description	
session	Covers the measurement and interpretation of balance	
36331011	and 12 minute run.	
	Purpose	
	To help student teachers practically measure and interpret	
	the results in health outcomes.	
	the results in neurin outcomes.	
	1 E Boad and discuss the LOs and the LIs and share your	
	1.5 Read and discuss the LOs and the LIs and share your	
	findings with the larger group for a feedback.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback	
	Lesson	
	LO:	
	Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on what	
	peer assessment and peer feedback strategies are and	
	how they will be used on learners in the classroom. NTS 2c	
	& 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.	
	LIS:	
	1. Mention at least three (3) peer-assessment and	
	peer-feedback strategies and justify why you would	
	use them in your classroom.	
	2. What is the full form of the acronym WAGOLL?	
	3. Mention two peerfeedback strategies and describe	
	them.	
	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques	
	LO:	
	Critically review the techniques for measuring physical	
	activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers,	
	pedometers, direct observation, systematic observation,	
	and selfreport instruments.	

		I
	 LIs. 1. Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for measuring physical activity 2. Compare the strengths and weaknesses of at least (2) techniques for systematic observation tools for assessing teaching and learning in physical activity settings 1.6 Identify, discuss in pairs and share your findings on any distinctive aspects of the lesson with the larger group for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson Discussion on assessment strategies E.g. 2 stars and a wish walk strategy. PE: Fitness data collection Techniques Discussion on the practical measurement and interpretation of balance and 12 minute run. 	
2. Concept Development (New learning	 2.1 Identify and discuss key concepts in the lesson and share your discoveries with the larger group for feedback. 	15 mins
 likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for 	E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson Discussion of peer assessment and peer feedback strategies and how they will be used on learners in the classroom.	
 student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored 	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques Discussion and review of critical techniques for measuring physical activity such as; indirect calorimetry, accelerometers, pedometers, direct observation, systematic observation, and selfreport instruments.	
with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tutors	 2.2 Identify and discuss potential barriers to student teachers' learning of the main concepts in lesson 6. E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson Lack of keyboard and other related musical instruments for practical rehearsal, performance and 	
	 assessments. GESI related barriers E.g. participation of Persons with SEN (low vision, oral and aural impairments and othopedic impairments - lower and upper limbs) in 	

ГТ		
	musical instruments and dance movement	
	performances.	
•	Lack of playback equipment like combo, audio players	
	etc.	
•	Mirror Room for dance rehearsals and assessment.	
•	Poor internet accessibility.	
	· Eitness data collection Tachniques	
	: Fitness data collection Techniques	
•	Lack of measuring equipment such as calorimeters, pedometers accelerometers as well as direct	
	observation, systematic observation and selfreport	
	instruments.	
•	Inability of instructors to manipulate available PA	
	measuring instruments.	
	measuring instruments.	
2.3	3 In your course group, identify and discuss	
	pedagogy(ies) you will use in the lesson, which need to	
	be explored; and share same with the larger group for	
	feedback.	
E.	<u>z</u> .	
M	usic & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback	
Le	sson	
•	Use of pair work/ critical friend strategy and mixed-	
	ability groupings to address GESI barriers to ensure	
	participation of persons with SEN (low vision, oral,	
	aural and othopedic - lower and upper limbs	
	impairments).	
•	Using observation checklists for Peer-feedback.	
•	Practical Activity: small Group presentations /	
	discussion to demonstrate knowledge and	
	understanding of the Peer-Assessment and Peer	
	Feedback lessons.	
	Licing think pair Charge strategy to each to student	
	Using think-pair-Share strategy to enable student	
	teachers think critically, reflect, -share their work and	
	then refine them for class presentation etc.	
	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques	
	Practical Activity: small Group	
	ppresentations/discussion to demonstrate knowledge	
	and understanding of the measurement and	
	interpretation of balance and 12 minute run.	
	Using think-pair-Share approach to enable student	
	teachers think critically, reflect, share their work and	
	then refine them for class presentation.	

3.	Planning for	1.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities	40 mins
0.	teaching, learning	for lesson 6 of your course manual and share across	
	and assessment	course groups for feedback and clarification.	
	activities for the		
	lesson/s	E.g.	
•	Reading and	Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback	
	discussion of the	Lesson	
	teaching and		
	learning activities	• Hold discussions on the following sections of thelesson:	
•	Noting and	 Introduction to Lesson Learning Outcomes and 	
	addressing areas	Indicators for the 6th Lesson.	
	where tutors may		
	require	Discussion of 2 Stars and a Wish strategy.	
	clarification		
•	Noting	Group presentation by student teachers on peer-	
	opportunities for	assessment and peer feedback strategies.	
	making links to the		
	Basic School	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques	
	Curriculum	Set Induction:	
•	Noting	• Revision of the previous lesson and enquiries on	
	opportunities for	new lesson.	
	integrating: GESI		
	responsiveness	 Discussion on practical measurement and 	
	and ICT and 21 st C	interpretation of balance and 12 minute run.	
	skills		
•	Reading,	• Reflection on lesson presentation and closure.	
	discussion, and		
	identification of	3.2 Link lesson 6 of your course to the Basic School	
	continuous	Creative Arts and PE curricula.	
	assessment		
	opportunities in	3.3 Using think-pair-share strategy, discuss how you will	
	the lesson. Each	integrate GESI and ICT in your delivery of lesson 6.	
	lesson should		
	include at least	E.g.	
	two opportunities	Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback	
	to use continuous	Lesson	
	assessment to	Assigning diverse traditional dances across cultures to	
	support student	mixed groups of male and female, and persons with	
	teacher learning	SEN of mixed cultural backgrounds for performance	
•	Resources:	and assessment (GESI).	
	 links to the 		
	existing PD	Using musical insruments and play back gadgets and	
1	Themes, for	other ICT tools like Youtube videos and mobile phones	
	example, action	for surfing the internet for relevant information,	
	research,	practical performance and assessment (ICT).	
	questioning and	DE: Ethnological determination in the track of the	
1	to other	PE: Fitness data collection Techniques	
1	external	Forming mixed ability groups with persons with SEN	
	reference	and involving them in traditional game activities that	L

1	material:	can foster social collaboration, communication, and
	literature, on	inclusion among learners e.g. oware game, marble
	web, Utube,	throwing game etc. (GESI)
	physical	
	resources,	• The use of ICT tools such as mobile phones, stop watch,
	power point;	calorimeter etc for collection of data for physical
	how they	fitness of student teachers.
	should be used.	
	Consideration	3.4 Identify and discuss how you can assisst student
	needs to be	teachers' development of 21 st century skills during the
	given to local	delivery of lesson 6.
	availability	
	 guidance on 	E.g.
	any power	Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback
	point	Lesson
	presentations,	Acquisition of reflection and assessment skills through
	• TLM or other	peer assessment.
	resources which	
	need to be	Acquisition of social skills, communication skills and
	developed to	honesty through group musical performances and
	support	assessment (i.e. teamwork).
	learning	
•	Tutors should be	Organising effective Class Discussions and Class
	expected to have a	Presentations.
	plan for the next	
	lesson for student	Simulation of Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback
	teachers	Strategies.
		• STS: School Visits to try out Peer-Assessment and Peer
		Feedback Strategies with STS partners. etc.
		PE: Fitness data collection Techniques
		• Acquisition of reflection and critical thinking skills by
		measuring and recording of physical fitness data.
		 Quizzes (2), assignments (1), and class participation
		(1), practical physical activity participation.
		 Summary of assessment methods: class assignment
		(2), diagnostic quizzes (3), class participation and class
		presentations.
		3.5 Indicate how you will assist student teachers to surf
		the net for online resources for assessment strategies.
		E.g.
		Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback
		Lesson
		Student teachers access online resources for
		improvement on peer-assessment strategies like e-
		library, traditional dance performances, group
		presentations.
L		presentations.

	 Student teachers fixing and use of i-Box for watching and Analysing video documentaries. Acquisition of ICT skills by means of using mobile phones, computers, projecters and other relevant IT tools for surfing and group and individual presentations. PE: Fitness data collection Techniques Let student teachers access online resources for improvement on peer-assessment strategies like e-library, traditional dance performances, group presentations etc. G Identify TLRs that are relevant and can support teaching and learning of lesson 6 and describe how to use them. E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson Musical instruments like keyboard for playing pitches for both aural and oral assessment and other relevant instruments such as Aerophones (e.g. atenteben/pawpaw stalk flutes etc.) Idiophones (e.g. xylophone, Frikyewa etc.) Membranophones (e.g. Atumpan, Sogo etc.) and Chordophones (e.g. Seprewa, Goje etc.) all for practical works. PE: Fitness data collection Techniques Adapted equipment for measuring fitness data collection techniques such as Calorimeter, Pedometer, speedometer, markers, whistles, stop watches, playing field and various equipment as needed for limited contact sports. 	
 4. Evaluation and review of session: Tutors should Identifying critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification 	 4.1 Ask Tutors to outline any outstanding issues relating to their respective lessons per their course groups and age levels and share with the larger group for clarification. 4.2 Do a recap of this session. NB: Remind Tutors to select critical friends to observe their lessons and share observation and experiences with the larger group for a feedback. 	15 mins

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers
- 2. Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 7 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and identification of 	 1.1 State how PD session 6 helped you in delivering that lesson. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 Share your experiences and observation respectively with the whole group for comments. 1.4 Read from your course manual and discuss the introductory sections of lesson 7 including learning outcomes and indicators and share information and knowledge gathered with accross course groups for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers 	20 mins

	sson description
•	e lesson focuses on drawing attention to effective
	estioning and giving whole class feedback by teachers in
0	e classroom.
SL/HoD should	
	rpose of lesson
, ,	draw student teachers' attention to:
•	acher Feedback Strategies
clarification on any	
-	Comment-only marking, Highlighted feedback, What
	ent wellEven better if, (WWW, EBI), Find and fix Types
-	Graphic Organisers.
	Neb/Mind maps/Concept maps, Triangles, KWL (What
J	I Know? What do I Want to learn? What have I
	arned?), KWHL is another variation and includes 'How
	I want to learn it?', Ladders / Washing Line / Continuum
/ 3	elf Audit, Venn Diagrams, Flowchart
DI	: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Lesson
	scription
	vers the surveillance of PA indicators and their
	plications.
Pu	rpose of lesson
	help student teachers to understand the usage of PA
su	rveillance indicators.
1.5	5 Read and discuss the LOs and LIs from your course
	manual and share your findings accross course groups
	for feedback.
E.	
	,. usic & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic
	ganisers
	ganisers
LO	s:
	monstrate comprehensive content knowledge on
	acher feedback strategies and graphic organisers and
	w they will be used in the teaching and learning process
	the classroom. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS
	3, 4 & 5.
LIS	:
•	Mention at least two (2) each of teacher feedback
	strategies and graphic organisers and justify why you
	would use them in your classroom.
•	What are the full forms of the acronyms WWW, EBI?
•	Mention two graphic organisers and describe them.

	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	LO:	
	Critically review physical activity influencers and	
	select/develop monitoring techniques, gather data on	
	physical activity behaviours, physical activity settings and	
	across other subject discipline areas.	
	 LIs: Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools to capture data on active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical 	
	inactivity, physical fitness and organised sports participation.	
	• Accurately explain the following physical activity indicators with examples and non-examples; active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation.	
	1.6 Identify the distinctive aspect of lesson 7 from your course manual, discuss and share them with the larger group for feedback	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers	
	• Discussion on assessment strategies E.g. discussion on 2 stars and a wish walk strategy.	
	• Teaching and learning activities to achieve learning outcomes: depending on delivery mode selected. E.g. Teacher led, collaborative group work or independent study.	
	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Discussion on the practical means of data	
	collection/surveilance approaches and sensitivity of gender equity, equality and issues of people with other abilities.	
2. Concept Development	2.1 Identify and discuss key concepts in the lesson and share your observation across course groups for	15 mins
(New learning	feedback.	
likely to arise in		
lesson/s):	E.g.	
 Identification and discussion of new 	Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers	
learning,		

• Detential kerniere	Analysis of Decymontarias i Day ICT recovered
 Potential barriers to learning for 	 Analysis of Documentaries: i-Box, ICT resources and YouTube on discussions on teacher feedback strategies
student teachers	and graphic organisers.
or students,	 Class Discussions and Class Presentations.
Concepts or	 Developing Teacher Feedback Strategies.
pedagogy being	
introduced in the	Developing Graphic Organisers. Sinculation of Tanahan Faadhack Stantonian
lesson, which	Simulation of Teacher Feedback Strategies.
need to be	Designing Graphic Organisers.
explored with the	
SL/HoD	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
NB The guidance for	Class Discussion- to introduce new topics and engage
SL/HoD should set out	student teachers in mixed pairs and mixed gender groups
what they need to do	to do small group work and presentations.
to introduce and	Small Group Dresentation /
explain the issues/s	Small Group Presentation/
with tutors	Discussion: Engage student teachers in discussions to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the data
With tutors	
	collection/ surveillance of PA indicators and their
	implications.
	Think-pair-Share- student teachers in mixed gender think
	critically, reflect, -share their works and then refine them
	for class presentation, group performance prsentations
	(i.e. traditional dance/choral dance).
	2.2 Identify and discuss from your course manual,
	potential barriers to learning the main concepts of
	lesson 7 by student teachers and share your findings
	accross course groups for feedback.
	E.g.
	Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic
	Organisers
	Large class sizes during practical assessments
	Lack of keyboard and other needed musical
	instruments,
	• Students with SEN.
	Lack of playback equipment,
	• Lack of mirror room for dance lessons and difficulty in
	internet accessibility.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	 Unavailability of sporting instrument such as whistle,
	stop watch colorimeter etc.
	Readiness of student teachers to participate in physical
	activities e.g. lack of interest to participate in events by
	student teachers with others feeling shy etc.
	 Religious orientations e.g. certain religions forbid their
	convicts from participating in certain activities.
L	

Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s	 3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities of the lesson from your course manual and share your findings accross course groups for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers 	40 mins
	 Experience level of of student teachers e.g. student teachers who never participated in sporting activities before etc. Physical state of student teachers e.g. student teachers with SEN. etc. Identify and discuss pedagogy(ies) you will use in lesson 7 and share with your course group for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers Tutors to draw student teachers' attention to Teacher Feedback Strategies like: Comment-only marking, Highlighted feedback, What went wellEven better if, (WWW, EBI), Find and fix Types of Graphic Organisers. Concept maps, KWL (What do I Know? What do I Want to learn? What have I Learned?), KWHL is another variation and includes 'How do I want to learn it?', Ladders / Washing Line / Continuum / Self Audit, Venn Diagrams, Flowchart P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Teaching and learning activities to achieve learning outcomes: Teacher led discussion (i.e. Teacher directing the path of discussion). Collaborative group work (i.e. Student Teachers select a leader who moderates their group discussions. This fosters GESI). Independent study (where student teachers are given topics to research on and present their findings; talking to knowledge on paper in their micro groups). Project works (i.e. a practical work in which the student teacher presents a finished product either in group or individually). Class works, etc. 	

•	Reading and	Introduces student teachers to the Course Learning
	discussion of the	Outcomes and Indicators for the 7th Lesson.
	teaching and	
	learning activities	Group presentation by student teachers on peer-
٠	Noting and	assessment and peer feedback strategies.
	addressing areas	
	where tutors may	Class discussion on what teacher feedback means in the
	require	teaching and learning process. Tutors discuss the
	clarification	meaning of the terminologies interactively with Student
•	Noting	teachers.
	opportunities for	
	making links to the	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	Basic School	• Engage your class to revise the previous lesson and
	Curriculum	enquire from the student teachers what they got from
•	Noting	the internet or other sources regarding the lesson 7.
	opportunities for	
1	integrating: GESI	Group student teachers to discuss the definition or
	responsiveness	explanation of active play and active transport as well
	and ICT and 21 st C	as the relevance of these in the development of good
	skills	health or fitness.
		neutri or jitness.
•	Reading,	
	discussion, and	 Allow student teachers to express what they learned
	identification of	and match their responses to the purpose of the lesson.
	continuous	
	assessment	
	opportunities in	• Summarise the purpose of the lesson and assess the
	the lesson. Each	summaries of student teachers.
	lesson should	
	include at least	• State the focus of the next lesson on sedentary
	two opportunities	behaviour.
	to use continuous	
	assessment to	Discuss how the knowledge gained through this lesson
	support student	relates to fitness and health development.
	teacher learning	
•	Resources:	
	 links to the 	3.2 Link lesson 7 of your course to the creative Arts/PE
	existing PD	curriculum of JHS.
	Themes, for	
	example,	3.3 with think-pair-share strategy, discuss how you will
	action	integrate GESI and ICT in your lesson delivery.
	research,	E.g.
	questioning	Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic
	and to other	Organisers
	external	Group Work: Putting Students into groups of mixed
	reference	abilities and gender orientations and assigning each
	material:	group the teacher feedback strategies and asking them
	literature, on	to summarise their teacher feedback strategies on a flip
	web, Utube,	chart for Class Presentation (GESI).
	physical	
L		1

power point; how they should be used. Consideration needs to be given to local availability o guidance on any power	 Mixed groups of male and female, persons with SEN of mixed cultural backgrounds for performance and assessment (GESI). Class Presentation: With sensitivity of both male and female taking leadership posotions, call groups in turns to the front of the class to present their two teacher feedback strategies and ask their colleagues to peer assess them. Ask all to reflect on how they would use the lessons learnt from their questions in the basic school classroom (GESI). 	
point presentations, TLM or other resources which need to be developed to support	 Using musical insruments (e.g. electronic synthesizer, electronic guitar etc.) and play back gadgets (e.g. music box, mp3/mp4 players, computers, mobile phones etc.) for practical performance and assessment (ICT). P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators 	
 learning Tutors should be expected to have a plan for the next lesson for student 	 Put persons with and without SEN through physical activities mearsure/survey their physical fitness status e.g. oware game, game of draft, game of spar, marble throwing game etc. (GESI) 	
teachers	 Use of ICT tools such as mobile phones, stop watch, calorimeter etc for collection of data for physical fitness of student teachers. 	
	3.4 Read, identify and discuss at least any two continuous assessment opportunities in the lesson that can support student teachers' learning, linking the to the NTEAP.	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic	
	 Organisers Peer assessment –Students share their "think-pair-share" Learning strategy for Tutors' assessment. 	
	 Reflection –Students teachers reflect on the new things they have learnt in the course in way of answering Tutors' questions either orally or by written as a way of assessment. 	
	 Small Group Assignment: Students go and plan their micro-teaching for next week on a given topic for Tutors' assessment. 	
	 Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies. 	

P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicatorsExternal and internal Mid-Sem Quizzes.
• Regular class assignments.
 Attendance and active participation in class discussions
 Assessment of participation in physical practical activities.
3.5 From your course manual, read and discuss teaching
and learning resources required for your lesson 7 and share how you will use them across course groups for feedback.
E.g. Music & Dance: Teacher Feedback Strategies and Graphic Organisers
 KWL (What do I Know? What do I Want to learn? What have I Learned?) i.e. a self directional tool that aids self assessment to determine how much learning has taken place. KWHL is another variation and includes 'How do I want to learn it?', an upgraded form of bullet one.
 Ladders/Washing Line/ Continuum/Self Audit/Venn Diagrams/Flowchart (i.e. a scaffold system of knowledge acquisition starting from simple to complex where the Tutor gets to each learner through one learner to the other until the last person is reached.)
• A modest recording and playback gadgets in the classroom or music room such as Compact Disc (Audio & Video) for sound restoration and retrieval.
• Player with a recording facility (possibly with a detached microphone).
 Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MP4 files.
• Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen.
 Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing and reviewing performances)
• Teacher Feedback Strategy and Graphic Organisers Images and Resources for giving feedback on assessment.

	 P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MP4 files. Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen. Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing and reviewing performances) Teacher Feedback Strategy and Images and Resources for giving feedback on data collection. NB: Remember to make advance preparation for lesson 8 and let your plans be known to your student teachers. E.g. Music & Dance: Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Lesson The next lecture will be on Micro-teaching, Exhibiting AfL Strategies. Let students conduct research on the new topic to be studied next week using google search. PE: Fitness data collection Techniques The next lecture will focus on Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators. Let students conduct further research on the topic to discover new issues on the topic to be studied next week using google search. 	
 4. Evaluation and review of session: Tutors should Identifying critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification 	 4.1 Identify any outstanding issues relating to your lesson and your course group and age level and share accross course groups for feedback. 4.2 Do a recap of this session NB: Invite a critical friend to observe your lesson delivery and share experience and observation across groups for feedback. 	15 mins

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies
- 2. Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 2 Onwards in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and 	 1.1 Share how PD session 7 helped your delivery of lesson 7. 1.2 Ask tutors to provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 7 with the larger group for feedback. 1.4 Read and discuss the introductory sections up to the learning outcome and learning indicators of lesson 8 from their various course manual. E.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies 	20 mins

identification of	Lesson Description
any distinctive	
,	The lesson focuses on drawing attention to effective lesson
aspects of the	planning in music and dance and how to exhibit AfL
lesson/s,	strategies in the teaching and learning process.
NB The guidance for	
SL/HoD should	Purpose of Lesson
identify and address	To draw student teachers attention to lesson planning in
any areas where	music and dance that exhibits AfL strategies:
tutors might require	
clarification on any	LO
aspect of the lesson.	Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on the
NB SL/HoD should ask	principles of effective lesson planning in music and dance
tutors to plan for their	and how to embed AfL strategies in their teaching and
teaching as they go	learning processes in the classroom. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF
through the PD	p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.
session	
	LI
	Mention the three phases of a lesson.
	• Describe what goes into the main phase of a lesson.
	 Mention two AfL strategies you will use at the plenary
	section of your lesson and explain why.
	section of your lesson and explain why.
	Describe three starters you will like to use in your
	 Describe three starters you will like to use in your music and dance lessons.
	music and dance lessons.
	DE, Data collection / Surveillance of DA indicators
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	Lesson Description
	Covers the usage of PA surveillance indicators
	Purpose of Lesson
	To help student teachers to understand the explanation
	and the implication of sedentary behaviour in the health
	and physical fitness development business.
	LO
	Critically review physical activity influencers and
	select/develop monitoring techniques, gather data on
	physical activity behaviours, physical activity settings and
	across other subject discipline areas.
	LI
	• Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools
	to capture data on active play, active transportation,
	sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical
	fitness and organised sports participation.

2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s):2.1 Identify and discuss the key concepts in lesson 8 from your course manual and share your findings with the larger group for feedback.15 mins• Identification and discussion of new learning,E.g.Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies <i>Effective Questioning, Whole Class Feedback, Self- Assessment, Self-Reflection, Peer-assessment and peer feedback strategies as well as Graphic Organisers.</i> 15 mins• potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students,PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Understanding, explanation and the implication of sedentary behaviour in the health and physical fitness15 mins		• Accurately explain the following physical activity indicators with examples and non-examples; active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical itness and organised sports participation.	
pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoDdevelopment business.2.2 Identify and discuss potential barriers to learning lesson 8 from your course manual and share your findings accross course groups for feedback.NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/sE.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies• Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, • Difficulty of integrating students with SEN into meanstream, • Lack of mirror room for dance lessons and • Difficulty of integrating practical assessments, • Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, • Difficulty of internet accessibility.PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators • Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc,• Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, • Lack of playback equipment for sound restoration and retrieval, • Lack of heyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, • Lack of playback equipment for sound restoration and retrieval, • Lack of mirror room for dance lessons and	 Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s 	 your course manual and share your findings with the larger group for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies <i>Effective Questioning, Whole Class Feedback, Self-Assessment, Self-Reflection, Peer-assessment and peer feedback strategies as well as Graphic Organisers.</i> PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Understanding, explanation and the implication of sedentary behaviour in the health and physical fitness development business. 2.2 Identify and discuss potential barriers to learning lesson 8 from your course manual and share your findings accross course groups for feedback. E.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Large class Sizes during practical assessments, Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, Difficulty of integrating students with SEN into meanstream, Lack of mirror room for dance lessons and Difficulty of internet accessibility. PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Large class Sizes during practical assessments, Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, Difficulty of internet accessibility. PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, Difficulty of integrating students with SEN into meanstream, Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, Difficulty of integrating students with SEN into meanstream, Lack of keyboard and other needed musical instruments such as drums, atenteben, goje etc, 	15 mins

		The difficulty of potting process to interest and the	
		• The difficulty of getting access to internet connectivity.	
		2.3 Identify and discuss pedagogy(ies) you will introduce in the lesson and share your mind with the whole group for feedback.	
		E.g.	
		Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
		Class Discussion for Tutors to review all the topics	
		discussed under embedding AfL strategies from week 1 to week 7 interactively with student teachers,	
		• Group Work where student teachers are put into groups and asked to go and plan a given minutes lesson incorporating the three phases embedded with AfL strategies,	
		 Micro-teaching Session where groups take turns to present their micro-lessons to the class for peer assessment on AfL strategies etc. 	
		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Practical Activity: small Group presentations/discussion to	
		demonstrate knowledge and understanding of sedentary	
		behaviour as specified by the WHO,	
		• Using think-pair-share strategy present explanation of sedentary behaviour as specified by the WHO,	
		• Tutor puts student teachers into groups to discuss the explanation of sedentary behaviour as specified by the WHO etc.	
3.	Planning for	3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities	40 mins
	teaching, learning and assessment	from your course manual and share your findings across course groups for feedback.	
	activities for the		
	lesson/s	E.g.	
•	Reading and	Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
	discussion of the teaching and	 Introduces the Course Learning Outcomes and Indicators of Lesson 8 to student teachers. 	
	learning activities		
•	Noting and	Class Discussion: Tutors interactively engage student	
	addressing areas	teachers in class discussion to review all the topics	
	where tutors may require clarification	discussed under embedding AfL strategies from week 4 to week 7.	
•	Noting	Group Work: Tutors put student teachers into groups	
	opportunities for	and asked them to plan a given minutes lesson	
	making links to the	incorporating the three phases embedded with AfL	
	Basic School Curriculum	strategies.	
	Curricululli		

•	Noting opportunities for integrating: GESI responsiveness and ICT and 21 st C skills Reading, discussion, and identification of continuous	• Micro-teaching Session: Tutors put student teacher into groups to plan and present lessons on Micro-teaching basis. The Groups are called in turns to present their micro-lessons to the class. 10 minutes for each presentation and 10 minutes for plenary discussion on the lesson given. Ask their colleagues to peer assess the group. Ask all to reflect on how they would use the insights learnt from their micro-lesson in the basic school classroom.	
	assessment opportunities in the lesson. Each lesson should	• Reflection and ClosureLet students express what they learned and match their responses to the purpose of the lesson	
	include at least two opportunities to use continuous	• Tutors summarise the purpose of the lesson to enable students to give feedback on the lesson.	
•	assessment to support student teacher learning Resources: o links to the	 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Tutors engages the class to revise on the previous lesson and enquire from them what they got from the internet or other sources regarding the new lesson, 	
	existing PD Themes, for example, action	• Tutor groups student teachers to discuss the explanation of sedentary behaviour as specified by the WHO,	
	research, questioning and to other external	 Reflection and Closure Tutors allows student teachers to express what they learned and match their responses to the purpose of the lesson, 	
	reference material: literature, on	• Tutors summarise the purpose of the lesson and assess the summaries of student teachers,	
	web, Utube, physical resources,	• Tutors discuss how the knowledge gained through lesson 8 relates to fitness and health development.	
	power point; how they should be	3.2 Link lesson 8 of your course to the creative Arts and PE curricula of JHS.	
	used. Consideration needs to be given to local availability	3.3 Using think-pair-share strategy, ask Tutors to discuss how they will integrate GESI and ICT in their lesson delivery.E.g.	
	 guidance on any power point presentations, TLM or other 	 e.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Acquisition of social and communication skills as Student teachers in their groupings discuss what they have learnt in the lesson, 	

resources which need to be developed to support learning	• Acquisition of reflection skills as students teachers use "think-pair-share" Learning strategy to reflect on the new things they have learnt in the lesson by answering Tutors' questions either orally or by written,
 Tutors should be expected to have a plan for the next lesson for student teachers 	• Acquisition of Critical thinking and problem solving skills as student teachers in their small groups plan to deliver their micro-teaching assignment for Tutors' assessment,
	• Through group work presentation strategy, student teachers acquire collaboration skills.
	• Acquisition of critical thinking, problem solving and innovation skills through project work.
	• Gender diversity and inclusivity is guaranteed by musical (choral or traditional dance) performance assessment (GESI).
	• Use of mobile phone, computer, music box to play mp3/mp4 and google to access the internet for acquisition of information literacy (ICT).
	P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	Reflection, critical thinking and problem solving,
	• Gender/SEN issues in explanation of sedentary behaviour in basic school physical education,
	 Adaptations for children with SEN diversity and inclusivity,
	• Cross-discipline issues in science and prevention of obesity in basic school physical education.
	3.4 Read, identify and discuss the continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 8 that can support student teachers' learning.
	 E.g. Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Peer assessment –Students share knowledge through "think-pair-share" Learning strategy to exhibit AfL assessment strategy.
	• Reflection –Students teachers reflect on the new things they have learnt in the course in way of answering Tutors' questions either orally or by written as a way of showcasing AfL assessment strategy.

Small Group Assignment: Student teachers plan their
micro-teaching for next week on a given topic to
showcase AfL assessment strategy.
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
 Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies.
P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
• External and internal Mid-Sem Quizzes.
Regular class assignments.
• Attendance and active participation in class discussions.
Assessment of participation in physical practical activities.
3.5 Suggest teaching and learning resources required for teaching lessons 8 and share how they can be used with the larger group for feedback.
E.g.
Music & Dance: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies
 A modest recording and playback gadgets in the
classroom or music room such as Compact Disc (Audio & Video) for sound restoration and retrieval.
 Player with a recording facility (possibly with a detached microphone).
 Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MP4 files.
• Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen.
 Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing and reviewing performances)
 Teacher Feedback Strategy and Graphic Organisers Images and Resources for giving feedback on assessment.
P.E. Data collection / Surveillance of PA indicators
 P.E: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MP4 files.
• Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen.
• Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening, recording and reviewing performances)

	 Teacher Feedback Strategy and Images and Resources for giving feedback on data collection. NB: Remember to make advance preparation for lesson 9 and let your plans be known to student teachers. 	
 4. Evaluation and review of session: Tutors should Identifying critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification 	 4.1 Outline any outstanding issues relating to your lessons per your course group and age levels and share with the larger group for clarification. 4.2 Do a recap of this session. NB: Remind Tutors to select critical friends to observe their lessons and share observation and experiences with the larger group for feedback. Read on lesson 9 from your course manual for discussion in the next PD session. You may contact the PD writers for futher clarifications on any issues that are not clear in the PD manual. 	15 mins

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies
- 2. Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 9 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and 	 1.1 Share with the larger group what you learnt from PD session 8. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 Team up with your critical friend and brief the larger group about your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 8. 1.4 Sit in your course group and refer to your course manual to read the description and gaols of lesson 9 to have an overview of the lesson. E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Lesson description This lesson focuses on drawing attention of student teachers to effective lesson planning in music and dance 	20 mins

identification of	and how to exhibit AfL strategies in the teaching and	
any distinctive	learning process.	
aspects of the		
lesson/s,	Purpose	
NB The guidance for	To draw student teachers' attention to lesson planning in	
SL/HoD should	music and dance that exhibits AfL strategies. This lesson is	
identify and address	a repetition of the previous week's lesson. Students get	
any areas where	another opportunity to plan a new lesson again and allow	
tutors might require	different persons to micro-teach it.	
clarification on any		
aspect of the lesson.	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
NB SL/HoD should ask	Lesson description	
tutors to plan for their	Covers the usage of PA surveillance indicators.	
teaching as they go		
through the PD	Purpose	
session	To help student teachers to understand the explanation	
	and the implication of physical inactivity in the health and	
	physical fitness development business.	
	1.5 Read and discuss the LOs and LIs from your course	
	manual and share with the larger group for feedback.	
	E.g.	
	Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
	LO:	
	Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on the	
	principles of effective lesson planning in music and dance	
	and how to embed AfL strategies in their teaching and	
	learning processes in the classroom. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF	
	p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.	
	LI:	
	1. Mention the three phases of a lesson.	
	2. Describe what goes into the main phase of a lesson.	
	3. Mention two AfL strategies you will use at the plenary	
	section of your lesson and explain why.	
	4. Describe three starters you will like to use in your music	
	and dance lessons.	
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	LO:	
	Critically review physical activity influencers and	
	select/develop monitoring techniques gather data on	
	physical activity behaviours physical activity settings and	
	across other subject discipline areas.	
	LI:	
	Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools to	
	capture data on active play, active transportation,	

	 sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation. 1.6 Identify and discuss the distinctive aspects of lesson 9 and share across course groups for feedback and clarification. E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Student teachers' Critical Review of all topics discussed under embedding AfL strategies from week 4 to week 7. PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Engagement of student teachers in discussions about the usage of PA surveillance indicators. 	
 2. Concept Development (New learning likely to arise in lesson/s): Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tutors 	 2.1 State on a <i>post-it-note</i> the key concepts in lesson 9 for a gallery walk (<i>where applicable</i>). 2.2 Outline and discuss the key concepts observed during the gallery walk and share across course group for feedback. E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies <i>Principles of effective lesson planning in music and dance How to embed AfL strategies in teaching and learning processes.</i> PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Explanations and implications of sedentary behaviours in the health and physical fitness development business. 2.3 Discuss with your elbow partner, the potential barriers to lesson 9 for the student teachers. 2.4 Share with the larger group the potential barriers to lesson 9 you discussed with your elbow partner. E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies • <i>Fear of making mistakes and criticised by fellow student teachers during micro-teaching.</i> • <i>Lack of fund to acquire teaching and learning resources (i.e. the student teacher) for</i> Micro-teaching. • <i>Personal factors, such as instincts, emotions and lack of student teacher's confidence skills in teaching.</i>	15 mins

		 PE: Data collection/Surveillance of PA indicators Factors such as lack of reading materials, equipment and other instructional materials. Lack of mastery in data collection 2.5 Outline and discuss the pedagogies you would adopt in 	
		the delivery of lesson 9 which need to be explored and share across course groups.	
		E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies • Pair work	
		 Group presentations Discussion 	
		 The use of reflective strategies to enable student teachers to build their understanding of teaching through personal reflection. 	
		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Using enquiry-based strategy to build self-direction and initiative skills of student teachers in data collection.	
3.	Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the	3.1 Read and share the teaching and learning activities of lesson 9 from your course manual and identify areas that need clarification for discussion.	40 mins
	lesson/s	E.g.	
•	Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities	 Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies The phases of a lesson (i.e. Starter for Preparing the Brain, Main or New Learning, Plenary or Reflections). Planning of a lesson incorporating AfL strategies. 	
•	Noting and addressing areas	Modelling teaching.	
	where tutors may require clarification	 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Reflection of the previous lesson and the new information gathered on the new lesson. 	
•	Noting opportunities for making links to the	• Group discussion on the explanation of physical inactivity as specified by WHO and its implications on health development.	
•	Basic School Curriculum Noting opportunities for	 Student teachers' independently surf the internet to familiarize with further and current reference on physical fitness and its effects on health. 	
	integrating: GESI responsiveness and ICT and 21 st C skills	3.2 Discuss and share across your group the linkage of the key concepts of lesson 9 of your course to the Basic School Curriculum (i.e. Creative Arts and PE).	
•	Reading, discussion, and identification of	3.3 In your course group, discuss how the teaching/learning activities in lesson 9 can be delivered to benefit student teachers during STS.	

	continuous	E.g.	
	assessment	Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
	opportunities in	modelling teaching	
	the lesson. Each	• role play,	
	lesson should	micro-teaching	
	include at least two	The above strategies will boost student teachers'	
	opportunities to	confidence and mastery over teaching skills during Macro	
	use continuous	teaching.	
	assessment to		
	support student	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	teacher learning	 Using ICT (phones) to surf the internet for information 	
•	Resources:	in the classroom will help student teachers to integrate	
	 links to the 	ICT during Macro teaching and other academic works	
	existing PD	during STS.	
	Themes, for	-	
	example, action	Group work in the classroom will build student	
	research, 0	teachers' capacity to use grouping well for their class	
	questioning and	arrangement and easily cope and socialise with their	
	to other	co-mentees.	
	external	All the above-mentioned strategies will enhance and equip	
	reference	student teachers for their STS.	
	material:		
		3.4 Outline and discuss how you will integrate GESI, ICT	
	literature, on	and develop 21 st Century skills in student teachers	
	web, Utube,	during your delivery of Lesson 9.	
	physical		
	resources,	E.g.	
	power point;	Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
	how they	Prompt student teachers to be conscious of GESI issues	
	should be used.	during micro teaching (i.e. to ensure that female, males	
	Consideration	and persons with SEN have equal access to teaching	
	needs to be	and learning resources)	
	given to local	• Acquisition of collaborative learning skills through team	
	availability	and mixed ability and gender groupings for tasks	
	 guidance on 	(GESI).	
	any power	• Acquisition of reflective skills and honesty through self-	
	point	reflection and self-assessment after a micro teaching.	
	presentations,	Acquisition of assessment skills through Peer-	
	TLM or other	assessment during Micro teaching.	
	resources which		
	need to be	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	developed to	 Acquisition of independent learning through surfing the 	
	support	internet with ICT tools (a personal phone) and	
	learning	undertaking lesson assignment.	
•	Tutors should be	 Acquisition of social skills through interaction during toom and mixed conder (ability group work (CESI) 	
	expected to have a	team and mixed gender/ability group work (GESI).	
	plan for the next		
	lesson for student	3.5 Suggest at least one new assessment strategy you	
	teachers	would adopt in the delivery of your lesson.	

		E.g. Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
		Micro teaching Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection	
		 Micro teaching peer critiquing. 	
		 Small Group Assignment. 	
		Sample of a group assignment: Conduct research on the new topic to be studied next week from the STS Manual you have on —observing and reporting on AfL in schools and Action Research, and also by google searching.	
		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
		Diagnostic quizzes	
		Class participation	
		Class presentations	
		Class assignment	
		Sample of a class assignment:	
		Identify 3 measuring tools and explain how they can be	
		used to capture data on active play, active transportation	
		and organized sports participation.	
		3.6 Outline on a flip chart the teaching and learning	
		resources appropriate for the delivery of lesson 9.	
		3.7 Discuss in your course group the outlined teaching and	
		learning resources from the flip chart and suggest how	
		they can be used in the lesson delivery.	
		E.g.	
		Music: Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies	
		• Video Camera	
		• Video tapes	
		 LCD Projector and Screen, 	
		• Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording,	
		viewing and reviewing micro teaching)	
		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
		Place mats for student teachers with physical	
		disability	
		• Playing field for physical activities.	
4 Evalu	ation and	1.1 Outline any outstanding issues relating to your	15 mins
	w of session:	respective lessons for clarification.	13 11113
	s should		
	ifying critical	1.2 Do a recap of this session.	
	ds to observe		
	ns and report	NB: Identify a critical friend to observe your lesson delivery	
	xt session.	and provide feedback.	

|--|

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research)
- 2. Covers the usage of PA surveillance indicators

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 10 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and 	 1.1 Share with the larger group what you learnt from PD session 9. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend share your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson with the larger group. 1.4 Sit in your respective course groups and read the introductory aspect of lesson 10 including the description and purpose of the lesson to have an overview. E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in 	20 mins

any distinctive	Lesson description	
aspects of the	The lesson focuses on drawing attention to things to	
lesson/s,	observe, more especially AfL strategies, during lesson	
NB The guidance for	delivery in the music and dance classrooms during STS.	
SL/HoD should		
identify and address	Purpose	
any areas where	To draw student teachers attention to things to observe,	
tutors might require	more especially AfL strategies, during lesson delivery in the	
clarification on any	music and dance classrooms during STS.	
aspect of the lesson.		
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
NB SL/HoD should ask		
tutors to plan for their	Lesson description	
teaching as they go	Covers the usage of PA surveillance indicators.	
through the PD		
session	Purpose	
	To help student teachers to understand the explanation	
	and the implication of physical fitness in the health	
	development business.	
	1.5 Read and discuss the LOs and LIs of lesson 10 and	
	share your findings across course groups for feedback.	
	E.g.	
	Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
	Schools (Action Research)	
	LO:	
	Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on the	
	principles of critical observation and reflection on class	
	teaching and recording in Student Reflective Journal (SR J).	
	NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5	
	LI:	
	• Describe how the mentor is using teaching-learning	
	materials and questions in the lesson.	
	• How do you evaluate the three phases of the lesson	
	development?	
	Mention two AfL strategies the mentor used well in the	
	lesson and explain why.	
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	LO:	
	Critically review physical activity influencers and	
	select/develop monitoring techniques gather data on	
	physical activity behaviours physical activity settings and	
	across other subject discipline areas.	
L		

	 LI: Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools to capture data on active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation 1.6 In your course group, identify and discuss the distinctive aspects of lesson 10 and share across course groups for clarification and feedback. E.g. 	
	Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Discussing the requirements and expectations during STS by referring to the appropriate sections of the 4-Year B.Ed. Supported Teaching in Schools Manual.	
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Discussing the designed physical fitness activities and programmes for apparently healthy adults and special population as specified by the WHO.	
2. Concept Development (New learning	2.1 In your course group, outline and discuss new concepts in lesson 10.	15 mins
likely to arise in lesson/s):	E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
 Identification and discussion of new learning, potential barriers to learning for 	Schools (Action Research) Discussion on requirements and expectations during STS using the 4- Year B.Ed. Supported Teaching in Schools Manual as reference point.	
 student teachers or students, concepts or pedagogy being introduced in the 	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Discussion on the designed physical fitness activities and programmes for apparently healthy adults and special population as specified by the WHO.	
lesson, which need to be explored with the SL/HoD NB The guidance for	2.2 Outline and discuss potential barriers to learning for student teachers in lesson 10 of your course and share across groups for clarification and feedback. Attention should be given to GESI issues. (E.g. Gender stereotyping and persons with all forms of disabilities).	
SL/HoD should set out what they need to do to introduce and explain the issues/s with tutors	E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research)	
	• Female student teachers' discomfort in class during their menstrual circle (GESI).	

		 Ergonomic issues relating to siting for a prolonged period of time while observing. Student teachers with physical disability situating into tight desk spaces (GESI). PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Some student teachers may lack adequate knowledge about the usage of data collection instruments. Some student teachers may be nervous and stereotype some physical activities (GESI). Lack of innovation by student teachers. 2.3 Identify concepts or pedagogy you will adopt for the delivery of lesson 10 and share in your course groups for discussion. E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Analysis of Documentaries: i-Box, ICT resources and YouTube on discussions on lesson planning. Class Discussions and Class Presentations. Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Simulation of AfL Strategies in Micro-teaching Designing lessons exhibiting AfL strategies in teaching. PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators <i>Class Discussion- to introduce new topics and engage student teachers in small group work and presentations.</i> Small Group Presentation/Discussion: Engage discussions to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the usage of PA surveillance indicators. Think-pair-Share (Male and Female where applicable) - student teachers think critically, reflect, -share their work and then refine them for class presentation. 	
3.	Planning for teaching, learning and assessment activities for the lesson/s	3.1 Read and discuss the teaching and learning activities suggested in your course manual and link them with the basic school curriculum and share across course groups for feedback and clarification.	40 mins
•	Reading and discussion of the teaching and learning activities Noting and addressing areas	 E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Discussion on the requirements and expectations during STS by referring to the appropriate sections of 	

	where tutors may	the 4- Year B.Ed. Supported Teaching in Schools
	require	Manual.
	clarification	
•	Noting	• Students go into smaller groups to work on an
	opportunities for	assigned task: e.g.
	making links to the	i. Conducting action research in schools.
	Basic School	ii. Building professional portfolio management and
	Curriculum	leadership qualities.
•	Noting	iii. Core competencies and cross cutting issues.
	opportunities for	m. core competencies and cross catting issues.
	••	• Students as into their arouns and read the appropriate
	integrating: GESI	• Students go into their groups and read the appropriate
	responsiveness	portions of the 4-Year B.Ed. STS Manual to accomplish
	and ICT	the task.
•	21 st C skills	
•	Reading,	Students summarise their descriptions on a FLIP CHART
	discussion, and	for Class Presentation.
	identification of	
	continuous	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	assessment	Reflection on lesson 9 and the new information
	opportunities in	gathered on the new lesson.
	the lesson. Each	• Discussion on the design and implementation of
	lesson should	physical fitness programmes for apparently healthy
	include at least two	adults and special population.
	opportunities to	
	use continuous	3.2 Share with your course groups how you will integrate
	assessment to	GESI and ICT skills in the delivery of lesson 10.
	support student	
	teacher learning	E.g.
•	Resources:	Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in
	 links to the 	Schools (Action Research)
	existing PD	Mixed group discussion on requirements and
	Themes, for	expectations during STS.
	example,	 Usage of ICT tools such as mobile phones, laptops, pdf
	action	files and Microsoft word during group discussion.
	research,	jiles and microsoft word during group discussion.
	questioning	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	and to other	usage of:
	external	 Blindfolds, wheelchairs and crutches for student
	reference	
	material:	teachers with Special Educational Needs.
	literature, on	 Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MP4 files during physical activities such as densing and
	web, Utube,	MP4 files during physical activities such as dancing and
	physical	aerobics.
	resources,	
	power point;	3.3 Identify and discuss how student teachers would
	how they	develop the 21 st C skills as they deliver their lessons.
	should be	
	used.	E.g.
	Consideration	

needs to be given to local availability o guidance on any power point presentations, TLM or other	Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Student teacher will acquire assessment skills, social skills, communication skills, reflection and honesty skills through discussion on the requirements and expectations during STS. PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
resources which need to be developed to support	The following may be developed during and after PA data collection: reflection, critical thinking and problem solving skills.	
 learning Tutors should be expected to have a plan for the next 	3.4 Brainstorm the continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 10, and show how you will apply assessment <i>for, as and of learning</i> in the delivery of lesson.	
lesson for student teachers	 E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Peer assessment –Students assess each other during micro teaching. 	
	 Assignment Reflection –Students teachers reflect on the new things they have learnt in the lesson. Small Group Assignment: Students go and conduct 	
	 research on the new topic to be studied in lesson 11 from the 4-Year B.Ed. STS Manual they have on — observing and reporting on AfL in schools and Action Research, and also by Google searching. (E.g. Reflection on lesson observation) Mention two AfL strategies your mentor used well in a lesson and explain why. 	
	 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Assignments Class participation Practical physical activity participation. 	
	(E.g. Assignments) Explain the following physical activity indicators with examples; active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation.	
	3.5 Identify and discuss teaching and learning resources appropriate for the delivery of lesson 10 and share with the larger group how to use them in teaching.	

	 E.g. Music and Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) <i>Teacher Feedback Strategy and Graphic Organisers</i> <i>Images and Resources.</i> <i>Video camera</i> <i>Audio recorder</i> <i>Note book.</i> PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators <i>Compact Disc (Audio & Video) player with a recording</i> <i>facility.</i> <i>Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and</i> <i>MP4 files.</i> <i>Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen, Tripod and</i> <i>Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing</i> <i>and reviewing performances)</i> <i>Goal ball, wheelchairs, white Cain, crutches, blindfolds</i> <i>Cones, markers, whistles, stop watches etc.</i> <i>Place mats</i> <i>Playing field</i> <i>Goals Balls and various equipment as needed for</i> <i>limited contact sports.</i> 	
 Evaluation and review of session: Tutors should Identifying critical friends to observe lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the lesson/s for clarification 	 4.1 identify any outstanding issues for clarification or redress. 4.2 Recap the activities during the session. NB: Select critical friend to observe your lesson and provide feedback. <i>Remind Tutors to read lesson 11 from their course manuals for the next PD session.</i> 	15 mins

Age Phases/Grades:

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research)
- 2. Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 11 Onwards in the Course Manual

be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.		
 the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators 	 1.1 Share with the larger group what you learnt during PD session 10. 1.2 Provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 With your critical friend, share across groups your experiences and observations during the delivery of lesson 10. 1.4 Sit in your subject groups and read and reflect on the introductory section of lesson 11 including the purpose and description and share your observations with an elbow partner. 1.5 Share with the larger group what your elbow partners 	20 mins

identification of any distinctive aspects of the lesson/s, NB The guidance for SL/HoD should identify and address any areas where tutors might require clarification on any aspect of the lesson. NB SL/HoD should ask tutors to plan for their teaching as they go through the PD sessionE.g. To draw student teachers' attention to things to observe, more especially AfL strategies, during lesson delivery in the music and dance classrooms during STS. Durpose: • To draw student teachers' attention to things to observe, more especially AfL strategies, during lesson delivery in the music and dance classrooms during STS. • Demonstrate knowledge and skills in critical observe in on class teaching and record in Student Reflective Journal (SR J). • Observation of General Classroom Learning Presentation.PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Description: Covers the usage of PA surveillance indicators.Purpose: To help student teachers to understand the explanation and the implication of organised sports participation in the health and physical fitness development business.1.6 In your course group, read the LOS and LIS of lesson 11 and discuss the extent at which they link.E.g. Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) LO: Demonstrate comprehensive content knowledge on the principles of critical observation and reflective Journal (SR J). NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.
 Describe how the mentor is using teaching-learning materials and questions in the lesson. How do you evaluate the three phases of the lesson development? Mention two AfL strategies the mentor used well in the lesson and explain why.

		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators.	
		Critically review physical activity influencers and	
		select/develop monitoring techniques gather data on	
		physical activity behaviours physical activity settings and	
		across other subject discipline areas.	
		LI:	
		• Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools	
		to capture data on active play, active transportation,	
		sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness	
		and organized sports participation.	
		Accurately explain the following physical activity	
		indicators with examples and non-examples; active	
		play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour,	
		physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports	
		participation.	
		1.7 Identify and discuss distinctive aspects of lesson 11 in	
		your course group and share across course groups for	
		clarification and feedback.	
		E.g.	
		Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
		Schools (Action Research)	
		Discussing the requirements and expectations during STS	
		by referring to the appropriate sections of the 4-Year B.Ed.	
		Supported Teaching in Schools Manual.	
		PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators.	
		Group discussion on the factors influencing participation in	
		organised sports.	
2	Concept	2.1 Identify and discuss any new concepts in lesson 11 and	15 mins
	Development	share across groups.	10 11113
1	(New learning		
1	likely to arise in	E.g.	
	lesson/s):	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
•	Identification and	Schools (Action Research)	
1	discussion of new	Requirements and expectations during STS according to	
1	learning, potential	the appropriate areas of 4-Year B.Ed. Supported Teaching	
1	barriers to	in Schools Manual.	
1	learning for		
1	student teachers	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	or students,	Factors influencing participation in organised sports.	
•	concepts or		
	pedagogy being	2.2 In your course group identify and discuss the barriers	
1	introduced in the	that may impede the success of the lesson.	
1	lesson, which		

need to be	E.g.
explored with the	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in
SL/HoD	Schools (Action Research)
NB The guidance for	
SL/HoD should set out	Lack of self confidence in student teachers.
what they need to do	Lack of reading materials such as the National Teacher
to introduce and	Education Assessment Policy document to guide the
explain the issues/s	observation of AfL.
with tutors	
	Lack of practical musical instruments such as keyboard,
	guitar, attenteben, bell etc for use during AfL.
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators.
	r L. Data conection, Survemance of FA indicators.
	Inadequate knowledge about data collection.
	• Limited time for the observation of a physical
	activity.
	,
	2.3 Identify, discuss and use the radio reporter strategy to
	share an oral summary of the concepts and pedagogies
	you will introduced in the lesson.
	,
	E.g.
	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in
	Schools (Action Research)
	Using class discussions and class presentations for
	groups to deliberate and share reports of observations
	on AfL strategies.
	Enactment of micro-teaching and exhibiting afl
	strategies
	Strategies
	• Simulation of AfL Strategies in Micro-teaching.
	sinduction of the strategies in the of teaching.
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators
	Small Group discussions to demonstrate knowledge
	and understanding of the usage of PA surveillance
	indicators.
	• The use of think-pair-Share strategy to enable student
	teachers think critically, reflect and share their work
	and then refine for class presentation.

3.	Planning for	3.1 Read the teaching and learning activities proposed for	40 mins
	teaching, learning	the lesson, link them to the basic school curriculum	
	and assessment	and do a critical discussion across course groups for	
	activities for the	clarification and feedback.	
1	lesson/s		
•	Reading and	E.g.	
	discussion of the	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
	teaching and	Schools (Action Research)	
	learning activities	Class Discussion on the requirements and expectations	
•	Noting and	during STS by referring to the appropriate sections of	
	addressing areas	the 4- Year B.Ed. Supported Teaching in Schools	
	where tutors may	Manual.	
	require	Assigning groups to the following topics:	
	clarification	i. Embedding Teaching year. (STS Manual, pp 7-9)	
•	Noting	ii. STS progress outcomes for Extending Teaching year.	
	opportunities for	(STS Manual, pp 7-9).	
	making links to the	iii. Weightings and Assessment Components for the	
	Basic School	overall grading for Embedding Teaching year (NTEAP) iv. Criteria for Assessing STS for Embedding and	
	Curriculum	iv. Criteria for Assessing STS for Embedding and Extending Teaching years (NTEAP)	
•	Noting opportunities for	 Summarisation of group work on a FLIP CHART for Class 	
	integrating: GESI	• Summarsation of group work on a FLIP CHART for class Presentation.	
	responsiveness	i resentation.	
	and ICT and 21 st C	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators.	
	skills Reading	Working in small groups to discuss the factors	
•	Resources:	influencing the participation in organised sports	
	 links to the 	and its implications on health development.	
	existing PD	• <i>Reflecting and asking questions regarding the</i>	
	Themes, for	purpose of the lesson.	
	example, action		
	research,	3.2 Consider some common ICT tools, particularly those	
	questioning and	available in your institution and indicate how you will	
	to other	employ them in your lesson.	
	external		
	reference	E.g.	
	material:	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
	literature, on	Schools (Action Research)	
	web, Utube,	• Using the lap top and projector to do a PowerPoint	
	physical	presentation on Criteria for Assessing in the basic	
	resources,	school or STS	
	power point;	• Using the mobile phone, lap top and projector to	
	how they	analyse documentaries on lesson planning from	
	should be used. Consideration	Youtube.	
	needs to be	 Video critiquing of a micro teaching from watched videos on a computer and TV 	
	given to local	videos on a computer and TV.	
	availability	 Use of mobile phones for surfing the internet for information on the subject matter. 	
	 guidance on 	information on the subject matter	
	any power		
L	, ponci		

	-	
point	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
presentations, TLM or other	• Using the lap top and projector to do a PowerPoint presentation on PA indicators.	
resources which	 Watching Videos of some organised sports with the 	
need to be	aid of the Mobile phone, YouTube and computers.	
developed to		
support	3.3 Suggest the various ways by which you will make your	
learning	lesson GESI responsive.	
Tutors should be		
expected to have a	E.g.	
plan for the next	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in	
lesson for student teachers	Schools (Action Research)	
leachers	• Avoid negative and stereotypical language (e.g. Even	
	the girls are able to play the musical instrument during	
	the AfL),	
	• Ensure there is an opportunity for access to available	
	musical instrument, i.e. mixed gender and ability	
	persons must have and opportunity.	
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators.	
	• Watching videos of games tailored to both sexes (male and female) and the physically challenged.	
	 Sight impairment student teachers listening to audio 	
	commentary of games for identification.	
	3.4 Share with an elbow partner how you will integrate the development of 21 st Century skills in the delivery of lesson 11.	
	3.5 Share with the larger group what your elbow partner shared with them.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research)	
	Acquisition of assessment, reflection and honesty skills	
	• Acquisition of assessment, reflection and nonesty skins through the observation of classroom learning, micro	
	teaching self-assessment and reporting on them.	
	Acquisition of social skills, communication skills by	
	intermingling and interacting with group members	
	during work and presentations.	
	PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators	
	 Reflection and critical thinking through discussions on 	
	the factors influencing the participation in organised	
	sports and its implications on health development.	

 Acquisition of innovation, collaboration and problem solving skills through group work or independent study.
3.6 Brainstorm the continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 11, and show how you will apply assessment <i>for, as and of learning</i> in the delivery of lesson.
 E.g. Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Peer assessment Reflection –Students teachers reflect on the new things they have learnt in the lesson. Small Group Assignment: Students go and conduct research more research on their requirements and expectations of the NTEAP. Independent assignment
E.g. (Independent assignment) Mention two AfL strategies your mentor used well in a lesson you observed and explain why.
 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Class assignment Diagnostic quizzes Class presentations
e.g (Class presentation) Explain the following physical activity indicators with an example: active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity and physical fitness. 3.7 Identify and discuss the appropriate teaching and
learning resources for the delivery of lesson 11 and share across groups for clarification and feedback.
 E.g. Music & Dance: Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Lap top Projector Mobile phone NTEAP Document Keyboard
<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RUo6omNaUVMShirl</u> <u>ey</u> Video of formative assessment being used in a UK primary school.

Accessed on 4 th October 2021.	
 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen, Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing and reviewing sports and games) Playing field Place mats Goalball Wheelchairs Crutches Blindfolds atc 	
4.1 Indicate any outstanding issues relating the lesson in 1	
your course for discussion.	
 your course for discussion. 4.2 Do a recap of the salient lessons in the session. 4.3 Identify a critical friend to sit in your lesson to provide feedback and report in the next PD session. 	
	 PE: Data collection/ Surveillance of PA indicators Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen, Tripod and Monitoring Unit (for listening and recording, viewing and reviewing sports and games) Playing field Place mats Goalball Wheelchairs Crutches Blindfolds etc 4.1 Indicate any outstanding issues relating the lesson in your course for discussion. 4.2 Do a recap of the salient lessons in the session. 4.3 Identify a critical friend to sit in your lesson to provide

Age Phases/Grades:

Name of Subject/s:

JHS Education

- 1. Assessment and STS preparatory activities
- 2. PE Measuring PA and Assessment of Learning

LESSON TITLE:

- 1. Revision for Assessment of Learning (Final Examination)
- 2. Revision of lessons

Tutor PD Session for Lesson 12 in the Course Manual

Focus: the bullet points provide the frame for what is to be done in the session. The SWL should use the bullets to guide what they write for the SL/HoD and tutors to do and say during each session. Each bullet needs to be addressed and specific reference should be made to the course manual/s.	Guidance Notes on Tutor Activity during the PD Session. What PD Session participants (Tutors) will do during each stage of the session.	Time in session
 Introduction to the session Review prior learning A critical friend to share findings for a short discussion and lessons learned Reading and discussion of the introductory sections of the lesson up to and including learning outcomes and indicators Overview of content and identification of any distinctive 	 Participate in an icebreaker activity for the start of the session. 1.1 Discuss how PD session 11 assisted you to deliver your contents and implemented the NTEAP (continuous assessment opportunities) 1.2 Ask tutors to provide examples of how students will be prepared to employ the various strategies and skills in PEMD during the basic school classroom work in STS Field Experience in year 4 semester 1. 1.3 Team up with your critical friend and share your experiences and observations on the 11th lesson taught. 1.4 Sit in your course groups and discuss student-teachers' prior knowledge that will facilitate the success of the delivery of the revision lesson. (<i>Reflect on lesson 1 to 11 from your course manual</i>). 	20 mins

aspects of the lesson/s, NB The guidance for SL/HoD should identify and address any areas where tutors might	 1.5 Read and discuss the introductory section of lesson 12 from your course manual, including lesson description and purpose to have a general overview of the lesson. E.g.
require clarification on any aspect of the lesson.	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning (Final Examination). Description
NB SL/HoD should ask tutors to plan for their teaching as they go through the PD session	The lesson focuses on revising the goal of this course which is to enhance students' understanding and adequate acquisition of knowledge and skills on Assessment and STS Preparatory Activities in Music and Dance.
	 Purpose To let student teachers revise the following topics studied during the semester: Definitions, Types, Policies of Assessment in Ghana (NTC, NTECF, NTEAP & NPLAF) Developing Assessment Instruments and Recording of Assessment in Schools Effective Questioning and Whole Class Feedback Self-Assessment and Self-Reflection Peer-Assessment and Peer Feedback Teacher Feedback Strategy and Graphic Organisers Micro-teaching Exhibiting AfL Strategies Observing and Reporting on AfL in Schools (Action Research) Student teachers assess the extent to which they have achieved the success criteria/expectations [i.e., CLOs and
	Indicators] of the course. PE: Revision of lessons. Description Covers the revision of the entire lesson preparation towards end of semester exams.
	Purpose To help student teachers to revise in preparation towards end of semester exam.
	1.6 In your course group read and discuss what extent the learning indicators of lesson 12 connect to its learning outcomes.
	E.g. Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning (Final Examination).

F	
	LO: Demonstrate how success criteria/expectations [i.e., CLOs and Indicators] of the course have been achieved. NTS 2c & 2d, NTECF p 16., NaCCA-PA CS 2, 3, 4 & 5.
	 L1: Compare and contrast the NTECF and the NPLAP. Compare and contrast AoL and AfL. Write a report on how your Mentor utilised AfL strategies in the teaching of a music and dance lesson.
	PE: Revision of lessons. LO: Critically review physical activity influencers and select/develop monitoring techniques gather data on physical activity behaviours physical activity settings and across other subject discipline areas.
	LI: Develop/select and apply at least (3) measuring tools to capture data on active play, active transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity, physical fitness and organized sports participation.
	1.7 Identify and discuss the distinctive aspects of lesson12 and share with the larger group for feedback and clarification.
	 E.g. Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning (Final Examination). Discussing in groups the five questions asked on the Wrapping Up for Exam Form: When are you preparing for the exam? How are you going to prepare for the exam? What type of questions will be most challenging for you? Name 2 things you expect to see in the exams and 1 thing you will have problem with because of your personal challenge. How can the tutor help you with the exam?
	PE: Revision of lessons. Revision on all the lessons (1 to 11) and enquiry on information got from the internet or other sources regarding the course.

2. Concept	2.1 Reflect on the concepts in lesson 12 of your course	15 mins
Development (New	manual.	13 111113
learning likely to		
	Dair with a friend and chara your thought on the new	
arise in lesson/s):	Pair with a friend and share your thought on the new	
Identification and	concepts with the larger group.	
discussion of new		
learning, potential	E.g.	
barriers to learning	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
for student	(Final Examination).	
teachers or	Evaluation of completed "Wrapping Up for Exam Form".	
students,		
 concepts or 	PE: Revision of lessons.	
pedagogy being	Reflection on the whole course and the new information	
introduced in the	gathered.	
lesson, which need		
to be explored with	2.2 Identify any potential barriers to student teacher's	
the SL/HoD	learning in your lesson.	
NB The guidance for		
SL/HoD should set out	E.g.	
what they need to do	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
to introduce and	(Final Examination).	
explain the issues/s	• Lack of adequate knowledge on some topics due to	
with tutors	student teachers' absenteeism.	
	• Inadequate time to comprehensively run through all	
	the lessons for the semester.	
	PE: Revision of lessons.	
	 Lack of internet connectivity. 	
	• Inadequate time to comprehensively walk through	
	all the 11 lessons for the semester.	
	2.3 Identify and discuss concepts or pedagogies you will	
	use in your lesson which need to be shared.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
	(Final Examination).	
	 Using "group work" strategy to get student teachers 	
	<i>involved in the revision process.</i>	
	•	
	• The use of appropriate ICT tools such as Mobile phone, BowerPoint, lon ton and projector for presentations	
	PowerPoint, lap top and projector for presentations.	
	Group Discussion	
	PE: Revision of lessons.	
	Using enquiry - based approach through asking student	
	teachers questions and receiving answers on all the 11	
	lessons taught in the course for during the semester.	
L		1

3.	Planning for	3.1 Read the teaching and learning activities for lessons	40 mins
	teaching, learning	12 of your course manual, link them to the basic	
	and assessment	school curriculum and share for discussion and	
	activities for the	clarification.	
	lesson/s		
•	Reading and	E.g.	
	discussion of the	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
	teaching and	(Final Examination).	
	learning activities	• Individuals take their completed Wrapping Up for	
•	Noting and	Exam Form (Appendix 5) and go into their groups to	
	addressing areas	discuss the five questions asked on the form and come	
	where tutors may	to consensus on their answers:	
	require clarification	i. When are you preparing for the exam?	
•	Noting	ii. How are you going to prepare for the exam?	
	opportunities for	iii. What type of questions will be most challenging for	
	making links to the	you?	
	Basic School	iv. Name 2 things you expect to see in the exams and 1	
	Curriculum	thing you will have problem with because of your	
•	Noting	personal challenge.	
	opportunities for	v. How can the tutor help you with the exam?	
	integrating: GESI		
	responsiveness and	• Students summarise Key findings of their group on a	
	ICT and 21 st C skills	FLIP CHART for Class Presentation.	
•	Reading, discussion,		
	and identification of	PE: Revision of lessons.	
	continuous	• Student teachers work in small groups to exhibit their	
	assessment	knowledge on previous lessons i.e lesson 1 to 11.	
	opportunities in the		
	lesson. Each lesson	• Student teachers reflect and ask questions and make	
	should include at	enquiries on concepts they did not understand during	
	least two	some lessons.	
	opportunities to use		
	continuous	3.2 Indicate how you will use ICT in delivering this lesson.	
	assessment to		
	support student	E.g.	
	teacher learning	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
•	Resources:	(Final Examination).	
	 links to the 	Use of lap top, projectors, TVs etc to show a documentary	
	existing PD	of some music and dances concerning lessons taught in	
	Themes, for	the semester.	
	example, action		
	research,	Doing a PowerPoint presentation on the summary of all	
	questioning and	lessons taught to student teachers in the semester.	
	to other external		
	reference	PE: Revision of lessons.	
	material:		
	literature, on	• Show videos of some sports and games as part of	
	web, Utube,	revision.	
	physical		

	I	
resources, power point; how they should be used. Consideration needs to be given to local	 Make a PowerPoint presentation on key concepts studied from lesson. Word processing for presentation of tasks. 3.3 Suggest the various ways in which you will make your lesson GESI responsive. 	
availability		
 guidance on any 	E.g.	
power point	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
presentations,	(Final Examination).	
TLM or other	Even distribution of revision questions.	
resources which need to be	• Even distribution of leadership roles (One female, one	
developed to	male)	
support learning	• Give more attention to student teachers with SEN.	
 Tutors should be 	PE: Revision of lessons.	
expected to have a	Show and share a pre-recorded video(s) to student	
plan for the next	teachers on females (GESI) and people with SEN	
lesson for student	performing practical musical activities.	
teachers		
	3.4 identify and discuss how core and transferrable skills	
	will be developed in the student teacher during the	
	delivery of lesson 12.	
	Fa	
	E.g. Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
	(Final Examination).	
	Acquisition of assessment skills, social skills,	
	communication skills, reflection skills, honesty skills,	
	critical thinking skills and problem solving skills through	
	group and independent revision on previous lessons and	
	searching for more information on concepts.	
	PE: Revision of lessons.	
	Acquisition of reflection, critical thinking and problem	
	solving, innovation and collaboration skills through the	
	involvement in Physical activities and sports.	
	3.5. Identify continuous assossment enpertunities in	
	3.5 Identify continuous assessment opportunities in lesson 12 and discuss with the larger group.	
	iesson 12 and discuss with the larger group.	
	E.g.	
	Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
	(Final Examination).	
	• Use of "Self-Assessment Checklist Form.B."	
	Reflection by student teachers on the End of Semester	
	Exam.	
	• Let students take home areas for the examination.	

Sample Question	
Compare and contrast AoL and AfL.	
-	
PE: Revision of lessons.	
Class participation	
Class presentations	
 Practical physical activity participation. 	
Sample Question	
Explain the following physical activity indicators with	
examples and non-examples; active play, active	
transportation, sedentary behaviour, physical inactivity,	
physical fitness and organized sports participation.	
3.6 Think of GESI responsive teaching and learning	
resources and pair with a colleague and explain how	
they can be used in the delivery of lesson 12 to	
ensure learning by all students.	
E.g.	
Music & Dance: Revision for Assessment of Learning	
(Final Examination).	
Assessment for Learning Strategy Resources.	
 Computers (Laptops or PCs) for playing back MP3 and MB4 files 	
MP4 files. Video Comona ICD Preioston and Comon for listening	
 Video Camera, LCD Projector and Screen for listening and recording viewing and reviewing performance) 	
and recording, viewing and reviewing performances).	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5P7VQxPqqTQ	
Video of Dylan Wiliam talking about self and peer	
feedback.	
Accessed 4 th October, 2021.	
http://www.dylanwiliam.org/Dylan Wiliams website/Pa	
pers_files/AAMT%2005%20paper%20(US).pdf	
Article by Dylan Wiliam about formative assessment and	
the regulation of learning. Getting Started with	
Assessment for Learning.	
Accessed 4 th October, 2021.	
PE: Revision of lessons.	
Playing field	
 Goals balls and various equipment as needed for 	
limited contact sports	
Youtube videos.	
• Lap top	
Projector	

4.	Evaluation and review of session:	4.1. Indicate any outstanding issues relating to each lesson (1-11) for discussion.	15 mins
•	Tutors should Identifying critical friends to observe	4.2. Recap the salient lessons in this session.	
•	lessons and report at next session. Identifying and addressing any outstanding issues relating to the	4.3. Evaluate how the PD sessions have influenced their teaching and share your evaluation with the group.	
	lesson/s for clarification		

Appendix 1

The PD session check list: supporting B.Ed. implementation. In some cases, to support implementation and address recent developments the PD session writers may need to add detail to what is covered in the course manuals

What to Include in PD sessions	Checked and In Place.
Course introductions and conclusions	
• The first PD session of each semester introduces the course manual/s,	
course expectations and course assessment components	
• The final PD session provides the opportunity to review student teachers' learning from the course	
Prior knowledge: Points for tutors on activating student teachers' prior	
knowledge.	
Basic School Curriculum: when topics for student teachers are from the Basic School Curriculum the PD session makes explicit links.	
LO: relevance to each session are introduced	
Interactive teaching PD sessions provide opportunities for SL/HOD to model	<u> </u>
interactive approaches to teaching and learning that tutors will use to support student teachers	
Lesson Learning outcomes and indicators are introduced	
Integration of subject specific content and subject specific pedagogy is	+
modelled in PD sessions through activities for tutors. Any potentially new	
concepts introduced in the lesson are explored with tutors	
Subject Specific Training: where subjects have been grouped together for the	
PD sessions, tutors are guided to engage with activities in the subject course	
manuals to ensure the PD is subject specific. Where appropriate there is direct	
page or point references to activities in each of the relevant subject course manuals.	
Integrating GESI: each PD session explicitly includes at least two (2) teaching and	
learning activities from the course manual/s which should be used to promote	
student teachers' understanding of GESI responsiveness and support the	
inclusion of all pupils.	
Assessment, integrating and embedding NTEAP practices: PD sessions include	+
at least two (2) continuous assessment opportunities which will support tutors	
in developing student teacher's understanding of, and ability to apply,	
assessment for or as learning.	
Age Specific Training: where relevant tutors are guided to specific activities in	†
the course manuals for EG, UP and JHS. Tutors are advised to group student	
teachers according to the age they are training for.	
Building in STS: STS tasks are integrated into the PD sessions. Preparing for work	<u> </u>
in school and opportunities for tutors to draw on what student teachers are	
learning in school by, for example, targeting observations linked directly to the	
themes in the course manuals.	

Building in activities which support the development of 21c skills in particular	
the use of ICT. The development of these is integrated into the PD sessions	
including the use of ICT to support learning. Each PD session should include at	
least two (2) examples of students being required to use ICT to extend their	
learning.	
Resources /TLM . Where specific resources are required, it is clear where tutors	
can access them e.g., videos, online resources or readings.	

Appendix 2. Course Assessment Components briefly

COMPONENT	SUBJECT PROJECT 1 per course per semester, individual or collaborative student teacher work.	SUBJECT PORTFOLIO 1 per course per semester, individual or collaborative student teacher work.
WHAT IS IT?	The Subject project is an assignment designed to enable student teachers to demonstrate achieving one or more of the CLOs, progress towards achieving identified NTS, development of knowledge and understanding of: the Basic School Curriculum, GESI responsiveness, using ICT mand 21stC skills	The Subject Portfolio is the deliberate collection of student teachers' work that has been selected and organized for a particular subject to show student teacher's learning and progress to achieving the CLOs through examples of his or her best work.
CONSTITUENTS	Introduction: a clear statement of aim and purpose Methodology: what the student teacher has done and why to achieve the aim and purpose of the project Substantive or main section: Presentation of any artifacts, experiments, TLMs created for the project; presentation, analysis, and interpretation of what has been done, learned, or found out in relation to focus of the project. Conclusion: Statement of the key outcomes of the project; reflection on what the student teacher has learnt	3 items of work produced during the semester selected by student teachers with tutor support during the semester as best examples of their progress and 200-word reflection on the items* Or 2 items of work and A mid semester assessment: case study, reflective note, quiz. * For each item they select, Student teacher's need to reflect on progress against identified NTS; achieving CLOs; increased knowledge and understanding of the Basic School Curriculum, GESI responsiveness, integration of ICT and how they could have approached developing the item differently to achieve a better outcome
WEIGHT	Overall weighting of project = 30% Weighting of individual parts of project out of 100 Introduction – 10 Methodology – 20 Substantive section – 40 Conclusion – 30	Overall weighting of project = 30% Weighting of individual parts of portfolio out of 100 i(a). Each of the three (3) items selected by the student teacher is 30 % (90%). i(b) Presentation and organisation of portfolio 10%. OR ii(a). Each of the two (2) items selected by the student teacher is 30 % (60%). ii(b)Mid semester assessment 30% ii(c)Presentation and organisation of portfolio 10%
EXAM	End of semester Exam, weight 40%. To assess: achievement of one or more of the CLOs, progress towards achieving identified NTS, development of knowledge and understanding of the Basic School Curriculum, ability to use GESI responsive approaches and to integrate ICT and 21 st C skills in teaching and learning	

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Many thanks to Robin Todd and all other members of the T-TEL team for contributing to the success of the writing of the manual in diverse ways. The writing team was made up of the following contributors:

T-TEL Support Team		
Professor Jophus Anamuah-Mensah	T-TEL – T-TEL Board Chair	
Professor Jonathan Fletcher	T-TEL – Key Advisor, Teaching & Learning Partnerships	
Bea Noble-Rogers	T-TEL – International Teacher Education Curriculum Expert	
Dr. Sam Awuku	T-TEL – Key Advisor, Leadership for Learning &	
	Institutional Development	
Dinah Adiko	T-TEL – Key Advisor, Gender Equality and Social Inclusion	
Beryl Opong-Agyei	T-TEL – National Teacher Education Coordinator	
Marjorie Tackie	T-TEL – Gender Equality and Social Inclusion Coordinator	
Hawa Nindow	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
Peter Chammik Jayom	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
Wilhemina Gyamfi	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
Issahaku Abudulai	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
Victor Sunkwa Asamoah	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
James Adefrah	T-TEL – Education Advisor	
Roger Kwamina Aikins	GM – Commercial (Oversees design, print and distribution)	

SUBJECT WRITING TEAM

SUBJECT	NAME	INSTITUTION
Mathematics	Prof. Gabriel Asare Okyere	Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and
		Technology, Kumasi
	Eric Abban	Mt. Mary College of Education, Somanya
	Eric Kwame Austro Gozah	Dambai College of Education Dambai
	Akuffo Frank Assah	University for Development Studies, Tamale
French	Dr Stella Afi Makafui	Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and
	Yegblemenawo	Technology, Kumasi
	Osmanu Ibrahim	Mt Mary College of Education, Somanya
	Felix Asare Odonkor	University of Education, Winneba
Language and	Prof. Charles Owu-Ewie	University of Education, Winneba
Literacy	Dr. Abraham Okrah	University of Ghana, Legon Accra
	Dr. Kwesi Adomako	University of Education, Winneba
	Abdul-Moomin Abdul-Aziz	Nusrat Jahan Ahmadiyya College of Education,
		Wa
	Comfort Dorvlo	Accra College of Education, Accra
	Freda Asante-Kumi	Accra College of Education, Accra
	Awudu Rafick	University for Development Studies, Tamale
PEMD	Justice Gideon Adjerakor	University of Education, Winneba
	Godfred Teye Mensah Akuffo	Bia Lamplighter College of Education, Sefwi
		Debiso
	Philemon D.K. Agbenyega	Dambai College of Education, Dambai
	Dr Emmanuel Osei Sarpong	University of Education, Winneba

Pedagogy	Dr Winston Kwame Abroampa	Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology, Kumasi
	Dr. Maxwell Kwesi Nyatsikor	University for Development Studies, Tamale
	Dr John Sedofia	University of Ghana, Legon Accra
	Fadilata Seidu	Nusrat Jahan Ahmadiyya College of Education, Wa
	Kweku Essia Donkor	University of Education, Winneba
	Dr Nyadu Offei	University of Education, Winneba
	John Aditorem	Tumu College of Education, Tumu
Science	Prof Rueben Yao Tamakloe	Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and
		Technology, Kumasi
l	Maxwell Bunu	Ada College of Education, Ada
	Valentina Osei-Himah	Atebubu College of Education, Atebubu
	Comfort Korkor Sam	University for Development Studies, Tamale
	Ambrose Ayikue	St. Francis College of Education, Hohoe
ICT	Victoria Boafo	Mampong Technical College of Education, Ashanti Mampong
	Richard Adusei	University for Development Studies, Tamale
-	Paul Mensah	St. Louis College of Education, Kumasi
TVET	Rev. Dr. Nyuieko Avotri	Former Principal, Mampong Technical College of Education, Ashanti Mampong
	Michael Eco Adixey	Akatsi College of Education, Akatsi
	Rev Godwin Gbadagba	Dambai College of Education, Dambai
	David Ankutse	Accra College of Education
	Grace Annagmeng Mwini	Tumu College of Education
	Rejoice Makafui Tsotorvor	Akatsi College of Education, Akatsi
Social	Dr Dacosta Aboagye	Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and
Sciences		, Technology, Kumasi
	Dr. Mohammed Adam	University of Education, Winneba
	Tia Yahaya	Tamale College of Education
	Stephen Koomson	St Vincent College of Education
	Joseph Mihaye	Accra College of Education
	Ibrahim Abudulai	Gambaga College of Education
	Limpu Isaac Digbun	Bagabaga College of Education
	Felix Dongballe	McCoy College of Education
	Burukum Achor	Dambai College of Education
	Mercy Sarpong Mintah- Botchey	Presbyterian College of Education, Akropong
	Salifu Fawzi Rahaman	Nusrat Jahan Ahmadiyya College of Education, Wa

www.t-tel.org